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—OF—
MASTERPIECES FROM THE
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NOW READY.

The Daily Colonist.

JUST RECEIVED
direct from the manu-
facturers, 16 Cases of
Toilet Articles & Chemicals,
—AT—
Campbell's Prescription Store,
CORNER FORT AND DOUGLAS ST.

VOL. LXXII.—NO. 39 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY JULY 26 1894. THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR.

RINGS.

CHILDREN'S RINGS,
BIRTHDAY RINGS,
FRIENDSHIP RINGS,
ENGAGEMENT RINGS,
WEDDING RINGS.

In the Latest Designs, at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S

Manufacturing Jewellers, No. 47 Government Street.

CHEESE

New Canadian 80's, "Melrose Falls" June make, very fine.
Canadian Stilton "Fair Make," in splendid condition.

MEATS

BREAKFAST BACON } ARMOUR'S { BREAKFAST BACON
DINNER HAMS.... } DINNER HAMS

Crates about One Hundred Pounds each.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY,

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA.

OGILVIE'S HUNGARIAN.

VICTORIA, B.C., March 19, 1894.
Messrs. OGILVIE MILLING CO., Winnipeg, Man.:
Gentlemen:—Having used your Hungarian Patent Flour for a considerable period of time, I must say it gives entire satisfaction, both for quantity and quality of Bread, Cakes and Pastry, and can strongly recommend it for use for the trade and families.
Wishing you every success, I remain, yours respectfully,
(Sd) JOHN J. WILSON,
Central Bakery, 84 Yates Street, Victoria.

G. M. LEISHMAN, VICTORIA, AGENT FOR B.C.

There's nothing fits a man so well as his skin, and next to that, the Shoes sold at

ERSKINE'S,

Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

WEILER BROS.

FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.

Sideboards, Dining and Library Chairs in leather, etc., Hall Stands, Bedroom Suites, and a large stock of Upholstered Goods to select from.

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

(NEW SHOW ROOM) Union, Wool, Tapestry, Brussels, Velvet, Wilton and Axminster Carpets. Large variety and lowest prices.

51 TO 55 FORT STREET.

USE

JERSEY BRAND

CONDENSED MILK.

THE PUREST AND BEST

Made from pure, fresh, unskimmed Jersey milk and specially refined Demerara crystals.

FORREST CANNING CO. NO. WILSON & CO. 28 YATES STREET
HALIFAX, N.S. AGENTS FOR B.C.

STILL DOWN IN PRICES:

MIDDINGS, \$1.25 per 100 pounds.
WHEAT, \$1.25 per 100 pounds.
BRAN, \$1.12 per 100 pounds.

Free Delivery. HAY, GRAIN, ETC.

NOS. 9 AND 10 CITY MARKET. W. B. SYLVESTER

MRS. S. AGASSIZ.—LADIES' NURSE.
City of London Hospital Certificate, London
Obstetrical Society's Diploma. Address sunny
side, Jubilee Avenue. 155-1mo

EWEN MORRISON, Proprietor,
Rock Bay Lumber Yard.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—House, 8 or 9 rooms, modern conveniences; in neighborhood Cadboro Bay road. Apply by letter to Archer Martin, 47 Vancouver street. 1525-16

WANTED—By an experienced person, situation as nurse. Address J.L.L., Colonist office. 1525-16

WANTED—A girl to assist in housework. Apply to Mrs. Geo. Jay, Sylvia St., James Bay. 1525-16

WANTED—Girl to do general housework and cooking. Apply to 19 Discovery St. 1525-16

BARBERS' Coats, white duck, detachable B buttons, double row seams; all sizes; prices to suit; call and see them. Cameron, the Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson St. 1525-16

RESPECTABLE steady girl wants situation at light housework. Apply 93 Fort street. 1525-16

TO LET—One corner store, 7 rooms; 3 six-roomed houses, with stable; 2 two-roomed do., at \$10 \$7.50 per month. Apply 11 Centro street, Spring Ridge. 1525-16

MAN and wife, just arrived, want situation; understand stockkeeping; wife housekeeper and waitress; could invest; town or country. L. Colonist office. 1525-16

MIDSUMMER Dresses made cheaper than ever; perfect fit. Miss Kates, 93 Fort St. 1525-16

CURLING IRONS AND HEATERS

COCHRANE & MUNN,
Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sumas Reclamation Works.
Contract No. 1.

SEALED proposals will be received by the Board of the Sumas Dyking Commissioners at the office of the clerk of said board, Sumas, B.C., until 12 o'clock noon of Thursday, the 2nd day of August, 1894, for the whole of the following works required in the construction of a system of land reclamation and drainage works: The construction of Lower, Embankments, and Minor Works connected therewith; the diversion and straightening of certain sloughs; the closing of Sumas river by an earthwork dam; the construction of a rock tunnel through a spur of Sumas mountain; the furnishing and erecting of gates at said tunnel.

All proposals must be made on the printed form of tender, attached to the bill of quantities, and be addressed to G. W. Chadsey, Esquire, clerk of the Sumas Dyking Commissioners, Sumas, B.C., and the envelopes enclosing them shall be legibly marked on the outside upper left hand corner tender for works. The proposals will be opened and canvassed by the Commissioners at the above stated hour and place.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a cash deposit or certificate, payable to the order of the Sumas Dyking Commissioners, for an amount equal to 5 per cent. of the total amount of the tender, the said deposits being made as a guarantee of good faith that the party making the proposal will, if the contract is awarded to him or them, execute the same with approved security within one week of the date of said award, immediately after which the sum so deposited will be returned to the successful tenderer and also to the parties whose tenders are not accepted.

Should the party to whom the contract is awarded fail to execute the contract with approved security within one week of the date of said award, the amount deposited by the said party shall be forfeited to the said Commissioners, and at the expiration of one week after the date of the award, the said Commissioners shall be free to make other arrangements for the performance of the works.

Parties tendering shall write legibly on form of tender, immediately above their signatures, the character of the earthwork to be furnished by them, that is to say, whether the earthwork will be performed by them by means of wheelbarrows, carts, wagons, cars or dredgers, or by a combination of same.

The same party is at liberty to forward two proposals, one based on the employment of dredgers. Specifications and drawings may be seen on and after the 5th day of July, 1894, at the office of the clerk of the Sumas Dyking Commissioners, Sumas, B.C., or at the office of Messrs. Keefe & Smith, engineers of the works, Five Sisters Block, Victoria, B.C.

Copies of the specification will be furnished by either of the above offices on payment of \$5. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all tenders.

G. W. CHADSEY,
Clerk Sumas Dyking Commissioners,
Office of the Sumas Dyking Commissioners
Sumas, B.C., July 2, 1894.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the time for receiving tenders has been extended to noon on Tuesday, 14th August, 1894.

By Order
G. W. CHADSEY,
Clerk Sumas Dyking Commission. 156-1d

JEWELLERY

AUCTION

—CONTINUED ON—

THIS DAY

AT 2 AND 7 P.M.

Do not fail to visit us at these sales, as we have not sold one fifth of the stock, and we are instructed to Slaughter the Goods in order to get through. The best bargains in Jewellery ever made in Victoria have been made at THIS SALE. Don't forget. This opportunity will not last long.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
1522 AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION

FRIDAY, JULY 27. AT 2 P.M.

No. 10 Penwell Street. Near Churchway.

Household Furniture & Effects

The contents of Bedroom, Dining-room and Kitchen.

TERMS CASH.
W. T. HARDAKER & CO.,
1525-1d Auctioneers.

SHORTHAND.

Pitman's System, taught in twenty-five lessons for \$25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Apply C.D.S., 62 John St., Rock Bay. 1514

NEWS OF BATTLE.

Reports of Fighting at Seoul—Chinese and Japanese War Preparations.

The British Naval Squadron Ordered to Remain in Korean Waters.

LONDON, July 25.—In the Department of Foreign Affairs the absence of information that hostilities have begun in Korea is regarded as ground for hope that the gravity of the report on the collisions has been exaggerated. The members of the Chinese legation profess to believe that the reported encounter between Japanese soldiers and the Korean guards was merely an isolated street fight, not part of an important movement. Both the Japanese and Chinese ministers affirm that their reticence is due to the fact that they have received no advices, but it is known that voluminous cablegrams have been coming to both throughout the day.

The Shanghai press correspondent of the Central News says: "Numerous rumors of further fighting at Seoul are current here, but none can be confirmed. The Koreans continue to menace the Japanese of the Seoul garrison. Intelligent native opinion here is that there will be an amicable settlement in which the Europeans will have no share. The Chinese arsenals and arms factories are busy night and day. The officers of the Chinese gun-boats are filling the vacancies on the vessels with seamen attracted by generous bounties."

There is a strong impression at the Japanese legation that fighting is in progress in Korea, although no notice to that effect has been received. The officials at the Chinese legation have heard nothing of the reported sinking of a Chinese transport by a Japanese vessel. They say that the information indicates an improved situation, and they are hopeful that peace will be restored, if it has been formally broken. It is understood that the British squadron in Chinese waters has been ordered to defer its cruise Northward.

The Central News says: "Great Britain has informed China and Japan that in case they infringe on their interests she will take whatever steps she may deem necessary, but otherwise will not interfere."

Important cablegrams were sent this evening to Admiral Freemantle, commander of H.M.S. squadron in Chinese waters.

A later dispatch from Shanghai says: "It is reported that 12,000 Chinese troops which sailed on July 20, with eight warships, have been landed at Korea. This report, although unconfirmed, has been received with satisfaction by the foreigners at Shanghai. If the facts be as stated they say the Japanese, who must have known of the expedition's plan to land, refrained from an attack because they had become more amenable to the pacific counsels of the treaty powers."

LONDON, July 26.—The Japanese legation in this city has received a dispatch confirming the news received by the way of Nagasaki of the a. lack of Korean troops upon the Japanese garrison at Seoul. It also states that the Korean troops at Seoul number 6,000 men, with several Gatling guns. The attack was made at the instigation of Chinese, and the Koreans were defeated.

An unconfirmed telegram says that a Japanese cruiser and a Chinese transport have been engaged, and the cruiser sank the transport.

The British consul at Nagasaki has received a telegram from the British charge d'affaires at Tokyo, stating that the Japanese have undertaken to regard Shanghai as outside the sphere of operations.

Eight Japanese and three Chinese men-of-war and 20,000 troops are at Jensen. Trouble is imminent at that place. Cholera is increasing at a fearful rate.

A dispatch from Chemulpo says the Korean government, instigated by Chinese residents, has withdrawn its promises of reforms hitherto made to Japan. The guards at the imperial palace are assuming a most hostile attitude towards Japanese troops. A conflict is momentarily expected.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 25.—It can be stated authoritatively that there is no foundation for the published report that Secretary Gresham had apologized to M. Tateno, the Japanese minister, for utterances contained in a telegram sent by the secretary of state to the Japanese government through Minister Dunn, at Tokyo. That dispatch, as has been stated heretofore, was sent after having been submitted to Minister Tateno, and contained nothing offensive to the Japanese minister.

Hostilities between China and Japan will require an immediate reinforcement of the United States naval forces on the China station. At present this consists of only two vessels, the cruiser Baltimore and the antiquated Monocacy. They are both at Chemulpo, Korea, and it would be impossible for them to properly cover the enormous extent of sea-coast that must be watched.

Owing to the demands of the seal patrol service there is only one vessel at present available for the China station. That is the Charleston, now at Mare Island. When the close season in the seal waters expires it is probable that some of the vessels of the patrol fleet can be spared and ordered to proceed to China. In this case the Yorktown, the Concord and the Petrel would be chosen.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The Japanese minister this afternoon had received no further advices in regard to the firing by Korean forces (instigated as was alleged by Chinese representatives) on the Japanese forces now encamped in Seoul. An official of the legation said this afternoon concerning the reported landing of 1,000 Russian troops at Rensan, that it was extremely improbable, because Russia would have no interest in landing troops there except to take part in some hostilities. In view of the fact that Russia has tendered her good offices to China and Japan for the settlement of the present difficulty, it does not look from this official point of view as if Russia would attempt such an invasion. He was amused at the report published that the Korean king had been kidnapped by the Japanese, and said it was ridiculous for the reason that Japan was not making war against Korea. He added: "In the event of war between Japan and China, the ports in China and Korea where the United States and European powers have received certain concessions by treaty, would unquestion-

ably be respected, and left outside of the limits of hostilities." He concluded by saying "Japan has made three distinct propositions to China for the settlement by arbitration of this matter. We have done everything possible that a self-respecting nation, consistent with honor, could do. Every proposition that has been made to China has been ignored and it is clearly apparent that China is urging on the Koreans."

VANCOUVER, July 25.—Japanese Consul Shimizu in conversation yesterday said: "Japan, in sending men-of-war to Korea, did not contemplate any self-aggrandisement or anything further than the proper protection of Japanese interests in that quarter which were injured by Korean maladministration and which Korea was and is totally unable to protect even should she desire to do so." The prospect of an actual struggle he does not think is very likely, since the great powers—England, France and the United States—are in favor of mediation, and would no doubt interfere in the event of any rupture.

Russia cannot be depended upon, and probably regards Korea with an evil eye. Should she, however, walk in upon her own account the other powers are certain to interfere, as any such course of action would greatly disturb their own interests. In any event Japan is by no means helpless. Her army is 60,000 strong, and she possesses forty men-of-war in her navy. Her military methods are distinctly European, being modelled on the French and German systems, whereas the Chinese, though courageous and numerous, are somewhat behind the times.

The last war Japan had with China was 20 years ago, and arose from the brutal treatment of Japanese subjects in China. The Japanese Government demanded compensation, which was refused, whereupon two men-of-war were dispatched to the scene of the disturbance and a Chinese island was occupied by Japanese soldiers. The English Government then interfered and finally compensation to the tune of 500,000 taels was obtained from the Chinese Government. Of course since that date the Chinese army and navy have made great progress, but the Japanese flatter themselves that theirs have increased in a still greater proportion and they do not fear the issue of a conflict.

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CAPITAL NOTES.

Medals Won by Canadians at Chicago Will Be Ready in September.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Building Improvements in Vancouver
—A Circuit of Poultry Shows to Be Established.

A Landlord's Duty to Serve Customers
—Gold Prospects on the Fraser River.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER

VANCOUVER, July 25.—Vancouver is to fall in line with other cities to establish a circuit of poultry shows, and the appointment of first-class judges. The Vancouver show will take place on January 16, 17, 18, and 19, provided it does not interfere with the dates of the other shows. A lecture is to be given shortly on the scoring of birds. The Poultry Association in Vancouver is in a flourishing condition and great good will comes of the labors of the indefatigable officers.

The Canadian Pacific Railway, through Mr. Browning, is to erect a very handsome new block on the corner of Granville and Dunsmuir streets. Tenders have been invited. There will be two stores in the lower stories, and plate glass fronts and tiled flooring, and handsome commodious dwelling apartments above. The building is to be of brick with stone facings.

The steamer Walla Walla has unloaded 180 tons of freight from San Francisco. The Benjamin Sewell, lumber laden from here, arrived at Queenstown July 7.

Rev. Ralph Duff leaves for Toronto on Saturday. As man and minister Mr. Duff made himself a great favorite in Vancouver and will be very much missed.

Hitherto the Chinese have been making the nets used in the salmon fishing. This year the white men have supplanted them to a great extent, and as a consequence a new industry has been developed in Vancouver. For this season alone J. K. Lackie has shipped \$50,000 worth of nets to the Fraser.

Last evening a new lodge of the I. O. O. F. M. U. was organized by Bro. J. W. Wade, P. G. M., with the following officers: Geo. Bartley, N. G.; Dr. McGuigan, P. N. G.; H. Urahart, V. G.; E. J. Grant, L. M.; J. Charman, secretary; S. H. Thurston, treasurer; Thomas Oliver, warden. The name Ivanhoe was decided upon for the new branch.

A largely attended meeting of the new Young Men's Christian Association was held in the rooms last night, at which a constitution was adopted and a board of directors appointed.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, July 25.—The flood relief committee has issued its first report.

A heavy rain which was greatly needed fell last night. It was worth thousands of dollars to the farmers.

Over 1,400 fishing licenses have been issued up to date.

W. D. McMillan, a mission rancher is suing John Worster, another rancher, for hitting him over the head with a club.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, July 25.—A picnic has been arranged to take place on August 16, under the auspices of the Church of England Temperance Society, at which Bishop Perrin will be present and address the assemblage. Messrs. S. Fox, C. Dempsey and J. W. Grahame, of this city, who recently returned from a prospecting trip on the Lower Fraser, report having discovered rich placer diggings on Pavilion creek. They have staked off claims and sent in an application for a twenty years' lease.

At the last regular meeting of Branch No. 1, M. & M. L. P. A., officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, Ralph Smith; vice-president, H. Carroll; recording secretary, John McCuish; financial secretary, John Weeks; treasurer, Fred Wagstaff.

The reported loss of the schooner Mayflower with its occupants, Jack Norton and Will Halter, is apparently unfounded. Word has been received from Vancouver that Norton and Halter were seen quite recently by Messrs. Todd and Poppelwell of that city, they being then engaged in catching dog fish.

The litigation arising out of Miss Rosa Leigh Spencer's inability to obtain a meal at the Hotel Wilson on the 27th June last by reason of the proprietor instructing his waiters not to serve her, promises to be interminable. Last week Miss Spencer sued Mr. Raymond, the unfortunate hotel man, in the County court to recover heavy damages for this and other similar offences. As announced at the time, judgment was given for the defendant with costs. Against the judgment then rendered the plaintiff's solicitors will appeal. The criminal proceedings yesterday in the police court, not yet concluded, will give rise to further Supreme court work, in the shape of applications for writs of prohibition, etc.

QUESNELLE MOUTH.

QUESNELLE MOUTH, July 20.—J. B. McLaren, of New Westminster, has paid Quesnelle and Barkerville a visit during the past week. Mr. McLaren is a large shareholder in the Hydraulic mine, on the Quesnelle river, a short distance from here. The mine is very rich. What is wanted is men of capital to come up and judge for themselves. A railway and capital to work the mines is all we ask; the wealth is at our doors—millions upon millions of gold in our mountains and rivers waiting for the means to develop it.

The weather is beautiful though some days it is very hot for a few hours, but there are always cool evenings and scarcely a fly, and travellers never fail to enjoy a rest at Quesnelle.

If the care of the hair were made a part of a lady's education, we should not see so many grey heads, and the use of Hall's Hair Renewer would be unnecessary.

I was attacked severely last winter with Diarrhoea, Cramps, and Colic, and though I was going to die, but fortunately I tried Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and now I can thank this excellent remedy for saving my life. Mrs. S. Kellett, Minden, Ont.

New Books.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Open for Business.

The Northern Pacific railroad is now open for business to all points East and South. Passengers ticketed through to all points in Canada, the United States and Europe. Office, Adelphi Building, Government St. E. E. Blackwood, Ticket Agent.

BRITISH COLUMBIA MINING.

Charles Ramos Is Well Pleased With the Prospects of This Province.

This well-known miner of Cariboo, who has been on the Pacific Coast since 1853, is at present in Seattle. In an interview with a reporter he said that mining operations on the Fraser river are especially active. Hydraulic mining is paying well. The Van Winkle mine at the mouth of the Lytton river a few days ago made a clean-up of \$1,500 after a two weeks' run. A new mining company is working the hills back of the town of Lillooet, which will be remembered by all old miners on Fraser river, and is making the dirt pay well. It is said that \$1 a yard is the usual amount of gold found in it. The company is preparing to bring in about 2,000 inches of water by a ditch from Bridges river, and operate on an extensive scale. The river bars in front of Lillooet were worked as far back as the first gold excitement on the Fraser.

Mr. Ramos is not however so sanguine of the success of the various pumping and dredging machines on the river. The suction pumps which it was thought would work a revolution on the bars are not doing as well as expected. The small gravel on top is taken up by the suction pump all right, but as soon as the light top gravel is removed the bars are full of large boulders in which the pump will not work. The same objection is made to the "clam-shell" dredge; it will take up large stones and let the small gravel containing the gold escape. One of the suction pumps at one time made \$18 in two hours for its owner and then broke down. The bars will pay about \$1 a cubic yard, it is thought, if any method of working them is ever discovered. One genius has invented an attachment to a suction pump dredge which will work something on the plan of a potato digger. It is a pointed cage to be placed on the bottom of the suction pipe. The bars of the cage are sufficiently close to exclude all large boulders, yet allow the small gold bearing gravel to pass into the pump. This attachment may solve the problem of working the bars.

A FOREIGN EXAMPLE.

British Aristocracy More Democratic Than the American Democracy.

(From the San Francisco Chronicle.)

Occasionally an incident occurs which enables us to realize how extremes not only meet, but exchange places. For instance the British aristocracy is the type of patrician exclusiveness, and the American democracy is the most conspicuous exemplification of the principle that one man is as good as another. President Cleveland is the typical American democrat. He has risen from the ranks, and in his first term, whatever he may do now, he used to transact official business in his shirt sleeves. And yet the British aristocracy has proved itself in some respects more democratic than the representative of the American democracy.

They had a coal strike in England recently, which created as much commotion in property to the size of the country as our railroad strike has created here. All the industries of England are based upon coal, and an interruption in the fuel supply is as disastrous there as a suspension of transportation is in America. The losses by the coal strike were probably at least as great, not only relatively, but absolutely, as those caused by the present struggle in this country. The contest was long and bitter, both sides were stubborn, with true British mulishness, and it seemed as if the national disaster would reach immeasurable proportions.

At this juncture Lord Rosebery interfered. Rosebery, now Premier, was then Foreign Secretary, and Gladstone's political heir. While, of course, he was a much smaller man than President Cleveland, still, as we have already remarked, England is a small country, and in his own puddle Rosebery is considered quite as important a frog as Cleveland is in ours. The course he adopted was one that would have made Mr. Olney's respectable Massachusetts hair turn white with horror. Instead of planting himself immovable on the proposition that the only duty of a Government was to enforce the law, he offered to mediate between the contending forces. He invited the leaders of the strikers to dine with him and meet the representatives of the employers. He filled his guests up with turtle soup, pate de foie gras and champagne, and then had them talk over the situation across the table. When they began to discuss the matter in a friendly way they found that there was nothing much to fight about after all. Rosebery proposed that the employers should yield certain points; they agreed, and the next morning the great English coal strike was over.

We shall not suggest the sacrilegious conception of Debs and Pullman at dinner in the White House. What might be done by a British Foreign Secretary, having intimate relations with the peerage, the Rothschilds and the royal family, would be too democratic for an American President.

As an offset of the numerous bad qualities of an aristocracy of birth is this good one—that its members feel no uncertainty about their positions. They are not constrained to be continually teaching somebody else his place by demonstrating that they are entitled to their own. Within its circle a European aristocracy is a democracy of the purest type. In its relations with other circles of society it is characterized by an unaffected ease and confidence which make supercilious self-assertion entirely unnecessary. The born patrician is not haunted by the fear that a display of friendliness or consideration from an outsider will cause some Ward McAllister to regard him as an outsider himself.

An aristocracy of birth is an absurd anachronism, but with all its absurdity it is less odious and more consistent with the true democratic spirit than the aristocracy of wealth or official position which its imitators in this country would like to substitute for it.

New Books.

Under the Red Robe.....75c.
The Women's Conquest of New York.....25c.
Van Bibber and Others.....50c.
Other Worlds Than Ours. Proctor.....75c.
Outlaw and Lawmaker. Mrs. Campbell.....50c.
Prairie.....50c.
Princess of Alaska.....50c.
For sale by Hibben & Co.

FRUIT jars (all sizes), jolly glasses, etc., at Weiler Bros.

Sheffield Cutlery Store.

Pocket knives, table cutlery, shears and razors in great variety at Fox's, 78 Government street.

You can get the celebrated "Mavo" n fruit jar at Weiler Bros.

"For Years,"

Says CARRIE E. STOCKWELL, of Chesterfield, N. H., "I was afflicted with an extremely severe pain in the lower part of the chest. The feeling was as if a ton weight was laid on a spot the size of my hand. During the attacks, the perspiration would stand in drops on my face, and it was agony for me to make sufficient effort even to whisper. They came suddenly, at any hour of the day or night, lasting from thirty minutes to half a day, leaving as suddenly; but, for several days after, I was quite prostrated and sore. Sometimes the attacks were almost daily, then less frequent. After about four years of this suffering, I was taken down with bilious typhoid fever, and when I began to recover, I had the worst attack of my old trouble I ever experienced. At the first of the fever, my mother gave me Ayer's Pills, my doctor recommending them as being better than anything he could prepare. I continued taking these Pills, and so great was the benefit derived that during nearly thirty years I have had but one attack of my former trouble, which yielded readily to the same remedy."



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AYER'S PILLS

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED.

WANTED—By a married lady, nursing or any light work. Address Florence, Col. onist office. jy25-2t

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a small family at Wellington, B.C.; must be a good cook. Apply to Mrs. S. Lelzer, 93 Pandora St. jy25-2t

WANTED—Girl to assist with housework and baby. Apply 52 Second St. jy25-2t

WANTED—Nurse maid to take charge of a baby 10 months old. Apply 45 Fort St. jy25-3t

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WANTED—Situation as housekeeper, by a competent English woman. C. A. N., Box 431, city. jy24-3t

WANTED—To exchange, house and lot for suitable building lots. Address Box 133, city. jy24-3t

WANTED—Position as lady's maid; understands dressmaking; good needle woman; no objection to travel. N. Y. Z., Box 436, city. jy24-3t

WANTED—Application for the position of teacher for the Cedar Hill school will be received by the Secretary of the Board of Trustees, up to August 1, 1894; salary \$60 per month; applicants are requested to state what certificate they hold. Address all communications to B. B. Mero, Sec. Board of Trustees, Cedar Hill, Box 115, Victoria, B. C. jy21-td

WANTED—Pupils for the summer vacation of two months during the morning. Apply C. G. S., Colonist office. jy21-td

THE undersigned, leaving for England in a few days on a visit to Birmingham, Stourbridge, Kidderminster and immediate neighborhood, is would undertake a few commissions. James H. Field, 817 Hornby street, Vancouver, B. C. jy12

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—In Vancouver—A milk route, with teams, cows and sundries; owner going away September 1; this is one of the best routes in the city and offers a splendid opportunity for any man with a small amount of money, to make more than a living. Apply at once, Dairy, Box 68, Vancouver, B. C. jy25

A SNAP—320 acres of land on the proposed line of the British Pacific Railway; will be sold cheap if taken at once. Address "A.", Colonist office. jy24-3t

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FOR SALE—Lots averaging 60x120, in Section 20, Esquimalt. They have a frontage on London, Liverpool, Aberdeen and Glasgow streets and Admiral's road (streets are sixty and sixty-six feet wide) and have a frontage of about 130 feet on the best part of Esquimalt harbor. The property is centrally situated between the Fortifications, the Esquimalt marine railway, the Esquimalt railway station and intended coal bunkers, and in view of the bright prospects of the British Pacific railway it is the very best property on the coast, also adjoining the undeveloped land of Sur. Lot 50, containing 13 acres, 15 acres. This property has a splendid frontage on Esquimalt harbor and Admiral's road, and about two minutes' walk from tram car line; good side walks and water. Apply Lowerhouse, Jarvis & Co., Government street, or to owner, J. J. Russell, Brunswick Hotel, P. O. address, Box 392. jy10

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—Rooms at 39 Birdcage Walk, corner Superior. jy26-3t

TO LET—Two furnished rooms, for light housekeeping. Apply to No. 1 Collinson street, between 6 and 8 p.m. jy22-6t

TO LET—Rooms, with board, near the sea; pleasantly situated. Apply Box 397, city. jy10-1m

TO LET OR LEASE—American Hotel, with 20 rooms and saloon license; bar and bar fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Troughton avenue, or Burnes House. jy5-1t

FURNISHED rooms with or without board. Meals if desired. Permanent boarders \$6 per week. Douglas House, 5 Gordon St. Jun 10-6t

TO LET—New 7-roomed house, with cellar, Pandora avenue; completed about 1st of June; \$18. Seven-roomed house, Craigflower Road; good view; \$16. Nine-roomed house, Superior street, James Bay; \$18; water paid. Two 5-roomed houses, John street; \$10; water paid. Two houses, Chatham street, \$14 and \$12.50 (respectively). Ten-roomed house; hot and cold water; 2 lots; Garbally Road; \$20. jy10

TO LEASE—160 acres, Shawinigan district; 4-roomed cottage and barn; \$125 and taxes per year. Twenty acres; no improvements; Cadboro Bay. Eighteen acres; Cadboro Bay. jy10

FOR SALE—Acre blocks in Woodland Park, Tolmie Estate, just outside city limits. Ten-acre blocks in Lake District. jy10

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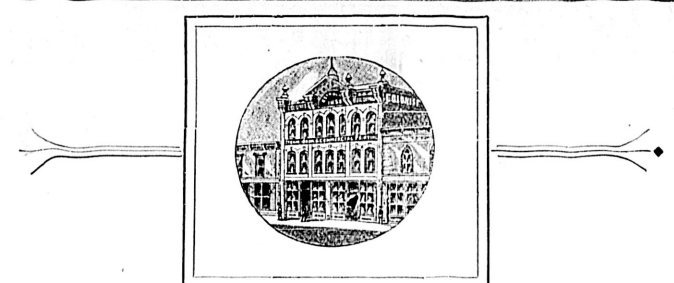
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—IN THE—

Colonist

(DAILY AND WEEKLY)

IF YOU WANT TO DO BUSINESS.

The only way to reach consumers is by placing your advertisement in a reputable newspaper, having the largest circulation in the Province. Those who are SEEKING SITUATIONS, or have A HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET, can not do better than advertise in THE COLONIST. It will only cost you

ONE CENT A WORD

For each issue, thus enabling thousands to read your requirements and save you time and money.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

PROMPTLY EXECUTED

AND AT

REASONABLE PRICES.

Lithographing and Engraving.

ALL CLASSES OF WORK,

Such as Maps, Cheques, Drafts, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Plain Labels, Colored Labels, Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Etc.

Book and Job Printing.

Posters, Office Stationery, Trade Circulars, Catalogues, Business and Advice Forms, Blank Forms, Appeal Books, Law Forms of all kinds, Sale Bills, Insurance Forms, Books and Pamphlets, Illustrated Catalogues, Constitutions and By-Laws, Programmes, Receipt Forms, Note Forms, Folders, Etc.

Salmon and Fruit Labels

IN EVERY STYLE OF THE ART

Are executed on THE COLONIST Presses. The best of material the most capable workmen and careful attention to work, with FAIR PRICES, has earned for THE COLONIST Presses a provincial reputation.

PRICES FURNISHED FOR ALL WORK ON APPLICATION TO THE SUPERINTENDENT, T. B. MACABE.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,

LIMITED LIABILITY.

VICTORIA, B. C.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. 108

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Troughton avenue. Established 1862. fol

F. M. RATTENBURY, ARCHITECT, Legislative Block, Government Buildings, James Bay. fol13

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY, M. R. Smith & Co., 57 Fort street, Factory Niagara street, P. O. Box 289. Telephone cal 121. fol

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING. MRS. MARSHALL

has removed to No. 123 Vancouver street, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. dec1-tf

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska. fol

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. fol

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LITTLE—Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel, 40 Fort street. mol7

BUSINESS CARDS.

SYMONS & MEYER, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., Calgary. Harry Symons, H. W. C. Meyer, Q. C. jy17-3mo

PRODUCE, Fruit and Commission Merchants L. White & Co., have opened out business on Yates street, next to Langley & Co., drugists; apples and onions just arrived; farm produce received on consignment; prompt account sales rendered. ap8-6t

PHYSICIAN.

DR. HANINGTON has removed to his new office, corner of Kamlay and Pandora St., Office hours and telephone number unchanged. jy22-10t

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS, Late of London, England. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach; over twenty-five years' experience; many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynaecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 14 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 133. jy17

MUSICAL.

MADAME LAIRD,

TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

For terms apply at the Studio, 161 Vancouver street, corner Pandora. ap30

EDUCATIONAL.

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

MR. A. F. OWEN

Pianoforte Tuner, from J. & J. Hopkinson, the well-known manufacturer of pianoforte, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm. 34 years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria. Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Walt's Music store. ja10

GEO. W. FUGGLE

Pianoforte Maker and Tuner.

VIOLINS, MANDOLINS AND GUITARS REPAIRED Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess Ave., also at Jamieson's Bookstore, next Post Office.

WELLMAN'S EXPEDITION.

Grave Fears for the Safety of an Important Body of Arctic Explorers.

General Belief That Their Vessel Has Been Crushed in the Ice.

LONDON, July 25.—The yacht Saide, of the royal yacht squadron, touch at Dane's island, on the northwest coast of Spitzbergen, July 6. The yachtmen found on the island Prof. Oyen, the geologist, who was left there by the American polar expedition under Walter Wellman to await their return and to guard the depot established on the island. Nothing had been heard of the expedition since the steamer, the Ragnvald Jarl, left Dane's island. The Saide started on a search for her, but found all the routes blocked by ice. The yacht met an experienced walrus hunter, Capt. Johnsen, coming from the northwest. It was his opinion that the Ragnvald Jarl had been beset by ice and crushed. Other hunters were met, but none of them had seen the steamer east of Verlegen hook. The Saide left some supplies with Prof. Oyen. He, it is said, declined to return with the yacht, as he was pledged to Mr. Wellman to guard the depot until the Ragnvald Jarl's return. He had for company only one dog. He feared that the supplies would be inadequate for the expedition on its return. There was only enough meat and flour for eight men for six months.

Capt. Johnsen intends to search for the Wellman expedition northwest from Spitzbergen when the ice permits. In any case he will bring Prof. Oyen back. Mr. Fielden, owner of the yacht, said he had received news of Prof. Oyen's distress on Dane's island, from Capt. Johnsen of the sloop Anna. Fielden ordered the Saide to Dane's island, where Oyen was found almost dead. Upon the table was found a letter containing bitter reproaches against Wellman, who according to Oyen, promised that he should stay with him; but it appears that at the last moment Wellman decided that a man could not be spared. In spite of his sufferings, and though death was hovering over him, the professor refused to be taken from Dane's island. The Saide left a quantity of provisions and medicines.

Arctic skippers report that the flow of pack ice and its density this summer would prove irresistible to any vessel, however strong. They believe that the Ragnvald Jarl has been crushed in the ice, and express the belief that there is a remote chance that the members of the Wellman expedition have been saved by managing to get upon an ice floe, in which case they believe that the explorers are in a most dangerous position. Should the forebodings of Arctic skippers be true, that the Ragnvald Jarl was crushed without warning, it is probable that the members of the expedition were unable to take any large quantity of supplies with them upon the ice floe, even supposing that they succeeded in escaping there. When questioned regarding the effectiveness of the aluminum boats in such an emergency, the Arctic captains expressed the belief that they would be of no use in such pack ice. The last heard from the expedition it was at Dane's island, off the northwest coast of Spitzbergen, where Prof. Oyen remained alone with a dog to guard the provision depot established there.

CHICAGO, July 25.—James W. Scott, publisher of the Chicago Herald, says: "The fact that there was so much ice this year led Mr. Wellman to believe that his vessel, the Ragnvald Jarl, could get farther north than any ship had ever reached before. The information was corroborated by a great majority of the navigators whom he saw just before he left. Reports that come about the loss of the expedition arose from the fact that fishing and other vessels have not seen the Ragnvald Jarl, which they would have done in ordinary seasons. Private cablegrams to the Herald from Tromsø say that, even if the vessel is lost, there is no reason for anxiety for the crew, which is undoubtedly on the ice somewhere, making its way toward the pole. When Mr. Wellman left Tromsø it was with the understanding that the vessel should come back and bring reports of the expedition up to the time that he could send messengers back from the interior, and undoubtedly the vessel is waiting at some point for such communication. He arranged that the vessel should return some time between July 15 and August 1, but possibly later. It was to return to Norway to coal up and prepare for the return to bring Mr. Wellman back, which would require it to leave about August 15, consequently there is no cause for alarm until after that date."

CHICAGO MARKET.

Absolute Indifference on the Part of Many Operators Noted.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 25.—Wheat did not record any smashing nor was there what might be called an active trade. There was absolute indifference on the part of many operators and a rather steady tone to prices during most of the day. There were temporary weak spots and occasional rallies and the close was only 1c. under yesterday. One of the depressing factors of the market for the past two days has been the loading of several cargoes of wheat at Toledo for shipment to Chicago upon the cry that the premium at this point will permit of more advantageous sales than elsewhere. No reference is made to the possibility of the wheat not grading. Whether the operation is intended as gallery play or has been undertaken in good faith is for the future to determine. The highest quotations were established around the opening to day and at the close almost the bottom, the final weakness being communicated by corn. The cables were of a better tone, Liverpool being firm, Antwerp unchanged, with Berlin and Paris higher. September wheat opened at 53½c and sold between 53½c and 53c, closing at 53½c. Cash wheat was steady. The offerings were large and the demand good. Prices were unchanged. The receipts at the principal Western points were 1,060,709 bushels, and the shipments 453,959 bushels. Closing prices: Wheat, No. 2, July, 51½c; September, 53½c; December, 56½c. Corn, No. 2, July, 44½c; September, 43½c; October, 43c; May, 39½c. Oats, No. 2, July, 31½c; August, 27½c to 28c; September, 27½c to 27c; May, 31½c. Mess Pork, July, \$12 52½; September, \$12 52½. Lard, July, \$6 85; September, \$6 85 to \$6 87½. Short Ribs, July, \$6 60; September, \$6 55 to \$6 57½.

Having suffered over two years with constipation, and the doctors not having helped me, I concluded to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and before I used one bottle I was cured. I can also recommend it for sick headache. Ethel D. Haines, Lakeview, Ont.

MEAT WAR.

Keen Competition Between the Wholesale Butchers of Tacoma and Seattle.

TACOMA, July 25.—Another meat war is brewing between Seattle and Tacoma wholesale butchers. A few months ago it was understood that a meat monopoly had been arranged for, and the advance in the price of steaks which occurred about that time seemed to justify the impression. The secretary of the Pacific Meat Company says, however: "Last season meat was sold cheaper than ever before, and it now looks as if the low prices would prevail again. Fry & Bruhn, of Seattle, came in here last season and opened up shops right and left and cut prices. Meat sold for almost nothing. Later they closed most of the shops—all, in fact, except one—and now they are opening up another large shop here. This competition seems to be the result of a falling off in business. Three years ago about 120 cattle were slaughtered daily for the trade on the Sound as far north as Port Townsend and Bellingham Bay. Now, however, 60 cattle per day, all told, supplies the demand. A large number of people have moved away, of course, and many who are here do not eat as much meat as they used to. Some of the small wholesale and retail dealers believe, evidently, that this falling off in trade is due to some scheme which the large wholesalers are working to catch the trade. As a result, new shops are opened in the vain hope of getting lost business. There is money in the wholesale business if the trade can be controlled. At present, however, we are selling the best kind of beef at wholesale, dressed, for from 4 to 5 cents per pound. We pay from 2 to 3 cents for cattle, live weight."

MASTER WORKMAN SOVEREIGN.

His Views as to the Establishment of Militia Companies.

OMAHA, July 25.—The session of the executive board of the Knights of Labor yesterday was devoted to the situation in Nebraska. State Master Workman D. Allemand was called in consultation, and after hearing his statements it was resolved to lend the influence of the order in the pending campaign to the Populists. It was decided to send organizers over the state in conjunction with the Populist state committee to thoroughly organize the wage-workers. General Master Workman Sovereign was asked regarding his intentions in the matter of militia companies, and he said: "Heretofore, the advice to workingmen has been to keep out of the militia. It should be changed. Every workingman should join the militia, thus getting the arms and discipline necessary to defend the country and the people from the anarchists, railroad managers, trusts, attorneys and the murderous deputies and Pinkertons whom they employ. I have been a member of the State militia for three years myself, and know that the Knights of Labor are the best militiamen in the country. I am also in favor of capturing the whole system of government and operating the same in the interests of the people."

AFFAIRS AT ROSLYN.

Precautionary Measures Taken by the Authorities—Negotiations Between the Parties Ended.

ELLENBURG, July 25.—Twenty-five men from the two companies of regular troops camped here went to Roslyn yesterday afternoon. Little is known regarding the move, but it is supposed to be in connection with the refusal of the miners there to go to work, and the determination of the coal company to bring men from Pittsburgh, Tenn., to take their places.

ROSLYN, July 25.—The United Mine Workers of Roslyn held a meeting to listen to the report of the state organizer, who had just returned from the West side camps. Organizer Norton, the Populist orator, reported that he had made good progress, but his work was in some measure handicapped by the failure of the railroad strike. He all but advised the men here to go to work, but his expressions fell upon many unwilling ears, and the men decided by ballot to continue to hold out for the 10 per cent. compromise. Several of the leading miners are suspicious of Norton, and are slow to take his advice, as they think the members of the local management of the company can influence him. He has political aspirations, also, and many think that Norton is desirous of settling the difficulty in a way to further his personal ends. The local union directed him to return to the West side and proceed with the work of organization, and he left this afternoon. It is generally understood that all negotiations between the company and the men are at an end.

Dear Sirs:—I was suffering very much from diarrhoea and could get nothing to cure me. A friend told me of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and a few doses completely cured me. Thos. L. Graham, Melita, Man.

I. X. L. Carving Set at Cheapside.

IF YOU ARE

out of sorts, use Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti. It will sharpen your appetite, and put you right.

Sold in 5c. packages by all Druggists. Beware of so-called Substitutes.

NOTICE.

The partnership existing between John Wilson and R. B. Oxley is from this date by mutual agreement dissolved. The business will be carried on as formerly by the undersigned.

JOHN WILSON, Victoria, B.C., July 21, 1894. Jy22-tf

NOTICE

The Law Society of British Columbia will receive applications for the office of Law Reporter on or before the 4th day of August, 1894.

J. P. WALLS, Secretary.

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE---A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head (more or less) Cows, Steers, 2-year olds, etc., etc., (about 60 or more to calve this spring), 1 pedigree Hereford Bull (rising 8 years.

7 Mares (in foal to a good stallion), 1 Horse, Pigs, Chickens, etc.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Fanning Mill, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gent's), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

4 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corrals, 10 miles barbed wire and staples; about 2,500 Posts on the ground, ready for use, etc., etc.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The population of this district will increase this year by at least 10,000; the area of farm land is very limited, and from this it may be fairly asserted that beef and all classes of farm produce will find a ready and lucrative market. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Cattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys. All buildings and fences about the farm are in good order, and farming operations can be gone on with at once; about 180 acres of ploughing have been, so far, provided for this year's work.

The Climate is not severe, the land being about 1,100 feet above sea level; the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains. There is a weekly express in and out. Goods and supplies at wholesale can be procured on order and delivered in 48 hours.

The Title is by grant from the Crown, and is free of all encumbrances. Immediate possession can be given.

Important Railway works are now in progress within moderate distance, and two railway lines have been run to pass close to or through the estate, which can be reached in the spring in three days' journey from Victoria.

The South West Kootenay District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines this winter, is destined in the next year or two to become one of the richest and most important mineral centres in the world. Statistics show, that although the district is in its primary stage, the mines have developed ore veins rich enough to warrant the investment of over a million dollars. When these mines come to be worked systematically, there will be an

Influx of Population, which will require beef and farm produce in large quantities. The limited quantity of really good farm land in the district to supply these requirements makes this

A BONANZA!

To any person or corporation having the capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work this estate. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188.

TELEPHONE NO. 74.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 13th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the premises of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed, R. DUNSMUIR & SONS, Victoria, B.C., March 16th. 1894. mr17

CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director & Embalmer

62 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

The largest and best Appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

NOTICE.

The attention of parties interested is hereby drawn to sections 3 and 5 of the "Consolidated Thistle By-law," which read as follows, viz.: "Sec. 3.—Every owner, lessee, tenant, occupier, or agent for the owner or lessee of any land, shall cut or cause to be cut down, all thistles growing upon such land, before such thistles shall have gone to seed or come to flower."

"Sec. 5.—Every person convicted of an infraction of this By-law shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars."

By order, WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B.C., July 9th, 1894. Jy10

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

LIMITED LIABILITY.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER AND KAMLOOPS.

Builders' Hardware.

Locks, Hinges, Nails, Sash Weights, Cord Fasteners, Lifts, Pulls, Hooks, Bolts, Brackets, etc.

Loggers' Supplies.

Double and Single Bitted Axes, Cross Cut and Felling Saws, Cant Hooks, Peavies, Ox Bows, Goad Sticks, Log Rules, Boot Caulks, Chains, etc.

Mechanics' Tools.

All kinds of Blacksmiths' and Carpenters'.

Wagons.

Team, Farm and Spring Wagons.

Carts.

Dump, Road and Speeding Carts.

Carriages.

Buggies, Surreys, Gladstones, Kingtons and Phaetons.

Farm Machinery and Implements.

Binders, Mowers, Rakes, Plows, Harrows, Seed Drills, Cultivators, Forks, Spades, Hoes, etc., etc.

Pumps.

In great variety, including SPRAYING OUTFITS FOR ORCHARDS.

Pipe.

Water and Gas (galvanized and black), Pipe Fittings and Brass Goods.

Iron and Steel.

Plates, Bars and Hoops.

ALL AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES. SEND FOR CATALOGUE OR SEE OUR GOODS BEFORE PURCHASING. mr1-apl

CARIBOO NECHACO. QUESNELLE

JAMES REID, QUESNELLE MOUTH,

A full stock of CROCKERIES, consisting in part, of the best brands of Flour, Bacon and Beans. Also Mining Outfits, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Dressed and Rough Lumber, Shingles, etc. mr11-em-d&

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

FOR FAMILY USE, IS THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have No Other.

MANUFACTURED BY

Red Crown Roller Mills, ALBANY, OREGON. and

NOTICE.

BROAD STREET, between Yates and View, is closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer. July 10th, 1894. Jy12-tf

NOTICE.

Niagara Street, between Oswego and Boyd Streets, is closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer. 10th July, 1894. Jy11-tf

NOTICE.

Government Street, between Queen's Avenue and Bay Street, will be closed till further notice By order.

(Signed) E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer. May 28, 1894. my29-tf

WHAT DO YOU WANT? You can get it by advertising in THE COLONIST, and it will no cost you much.

The Colonist.
THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1894.
PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.
BY
THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.
W. H. ELLIS, Manager. A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.
TERMS:
THE DAILY COLONIST.
Per year (postage free to any part of Canada) \$10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25
THE WEEKLY COLONIST.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.
Per year (postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States) \$2 00
Six months 1 25
Three months 75
Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly in advance.
ADVERTISING RATES:
REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements: More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 50 cents.
More than one week and not more than one month, 30 cents.
Not more than one week, 20 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than \$2.50, and accepted only for every day insertion.
Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.
Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.
Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.
WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than \$2.
TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than \$1.50.

Bring Three Coupons and 10 cents.
PORTFOLIO No. 9.
NAME.....
P.O.....
Masterpieces from the Art Galleries of the World.
If by mail, Three Coupons and 12 cents.

RIVAL PROTECTORS.

It seems pretty clear that there is to be a war between China and Japan. Indeed, there is some reason to believe that hostilities have already broken out. The relations between the two countries have been for some time strained. Japan seems to have been the aggressor. She has been threatening and provoking her big neighbor in many ways, and her press—for Japan has a press—has been girding at China in the true jingo style.

The bone of contention is Korea. That peninsula is properly part of the Chinese Empire. Its geographical position and its traditions make its connection with China necessarily closer than with any other country. Besides it has always been considered a kind of Chinese dependency. The Emperor of China is acknowledged by the Koreans as their Suzarain. But the country has enjoyed a sort of semi-independence and has a King and government of its own.

There are on the peninsula Japanese settlements and when there is disorder in Korea the Japanese inhabitants of the country are in danger. This condition of things gives the Japanese an excuse for sending troops to Korea every now and then, and after one of the disturbances which took place not long ago the King of Korea entered into treaty arrangements with the government of Japan, and ever since that government has seen fit to ignore the sovereignty of China in Korea.

China, on the other hand, has never ceased to exercise sovereign rights in what has been called the Hermit Kingdom and its inhabitants have always looked in times of danger to China for protection. It is easy to understand that the Chinese Government resents the claim of Japan to send troops into Korea as often as she considers her interests in that kingdom in danger, and the King of Korea does not seem particularly grateful to the Japanese for aid and protection.

There was an insurrection not very long ago in Korea. The Tugaku-to rose against the Korean Government and committed some outrages. It is maintained that the operations of the rebels were directed solely against the government and its tyrannical and extortionate officials, and that strangers in the country were in no danger whatever. The Government of Japan evidently did not believe this and sent troops into the country to protect its Japanese inhabitants. The Chinese Government also sent troops into Korea, and these troops, it appears, did not regard the Japanese intruders with a friendly eye. There has not been, as far as we can learn, as yet a collision between the troops of the two nations. The insurrection has been quelled, and the Japanese Government has now no excuse for keeping its soldiers in the country. But they are kept there, nevertheless. It possibly was to hasten their departure that they were attacked by the Koreans the other day. The Koreans, as the telegram informs us, were repulsed and the Japanese troops are still in the country, and it is clearly their intention to remain there in spite of both the Koreans and the Chinese. We see by the Japan Daily Herald of the 30th ult., that the idea of war with China is popular in Japan. It says:

Much of the writing in the Japanese newspapers on this subject is most in-

flammatory; war with China is openly and strongly recommended, and it is to be remarked that for this line of conduct no newspaper has been suspended; it is, therefore, just to conclude that it meets with the secret approval of the Government. These truculent journals call upon the Government to wipe away the stain upon the national honor of the events of 1884. They advise that Japanese troops be permanently kept in Korea. Even the more sober politicians of the metropolis urge the taking of decisive measures for the recovery of the Empire's prestige. One newspaper makes the modest suggestion that the telegraphs of Korea be placed under the control of Japan. . . . The loan of the sum of 2,000,000 yen to enable the Nippon Yusen Kaisha to buy more ships which are capable of being used as transports for troops, affords an indication that it is evident that the business with Korea is regarded as likely to be both formidable and prolonged, or in other words that a war with China is seriously contemplated by Japan.

There can hardly be a doubt if Japan goes to war with China and the two countries are left to fight it out without interference that the small nation will be crushed by the big one. The Japanese may be brave enough but their country has neither the men nor the wealth to enter into a long struggle single-handed with the immense Empire of China. Even if Japan were victorious in one or two campaigns China would hardly feel the defeat and would be again in the field with new armies powerful enough to crush its victorious but exhausted enemy. But it is by no means certain that the Japanese would be victorious.

Both the Chinese and the Japanese have a neighbor, vigilant, powerful and sagacious, who, when he found the time propitious, might interfere to take from the conqueror the fruits of victory. Korea is near the Czar's dominions and it would if it were in his possession give him what he greatly needs, an unobstructed gateway to the sea.

AN UNFULFILLED CONTRACT.

The Chignecto Ship Railway is intended to convey ships across the isthmus which connects the peninsula of Nova Scotia with the Province of New Brunswick. The Dominion Parliament voted a subsidy of \$170,000 a year to a company that should build the ship railway—the payment to begin one year after it was in successful operation and to cease whenever it failed to do its work. Relying on this subsidy and on the representations of the promoters of the project, a company was formed to build the road. The chief contractors were Messrs. Meigs. After they had expended some three millions on the road they, owing to the troubles in Argentina, failed, and the construction of the ship railway came to a full stop. It will, it is said, take \$1,500,000 to complete the road. This sum has been subscribed. But the time allowed the company by the Act of Parliament to complete the ship railway has expired. The company say they are ready to finish the road and they ask the Government to re-enact the law granting them the subsidy of \$170,000 a year after it is completed and is in running order. There is strong opposition to the renewal of the grant, principally, we believe, because the objectors are convinced that the road is not needed and that it will be of little or no use when it is built. The question is asked, Is the Government justified in refusing to renew the subsidy after men, on the faith of its promise, have invested a large sum of money in the road which will be altogether thrown away if it is not completed? It was never pretended that the ship railway would pay as a private enterprise. We have not heard that the Government have arrived at any conclusion in the matter. It is supposed by a good many that the road, so far, has been built by Government money. This is not the case. The Government have not spent a dollar on the road, and consequently will lose nothing if the work is abandoned.

A WIDE DIFFERENCE.

Some of the United States Senators profess to believe that Mr. Cleveland's letter to Mr. Wilson is an unconstitutional and an inexcusable interference by the executive with the rights and privileges of the senate, and there are newspapers which say that no sovereign of Great Britain dare dictate to Parliament as President Cleveland has dictated to Congress. This sounds plausible, but it must be remembered that a sovereign of Great Britain and a President of the United States occupy very different positions. The occupant of the British throne, to begin with, belongs to no party. The Sovereign is above party. He or she takes no part whatever in election contests, and accepts, almost without question, such advisers as are indicated by the majority of the representatives of the people. It is the advisers of the Sovereign who are responsible to Parliament and the nation. The Sovereign can do no wrong.

The President, on the other hand, is the head of a party. He is placed in power by a party and he is bound to administer the affairs of the Republic according to the pledges which he, as the head of a party, has made. He chooses his own advisers and he is responsible to the people for the way in which he uses the authority which they placed in his hands. His position, in our opinion, resembles far more nearly that of a British Prime Minister than it does that of a British Sovereign. The Prime Minister represents a party. He makes promises or outlines a policy in the name of a party, and he is responsible to Parliament and the nation for the way in which those promises are fulfilled or that policy carried out.

It is evident to anyone who reads Mr. Cleveland's letter to Mr. Wilson that he writes in his character of head of the Democratic party and not as the head of the Executive. It is about the integrity of that party he is concerned. The Democratic party, previous to the election in which he was chosen President of the United States, promised the

people tariff reform. It was on the strength of that promise that he was elected, and it is but natural that he should be most solicitous, as head of the Democratic party, that its members, now that they are in power, should fulfil the promises they had made in order to attain power. Is it not natural that Mr. Cleveland should, while the tariff bill was pending and when it was evident that many prominent members of the Democratic party had forgotten their pre-election promises, urge upon the gentleman who had charge of the tariff bill in the House of Representatives the necessity of keeping the Democratic party true to the principles of the presidential election platform. The letter, it will be observed, was not addressed to Congress, it was not addressed even to the Democratic party, it was a personal letter to Mr. Wilson. That gentleman considered that it should be made public, that it should become in effect a party manifesto. And he no doubt obtained the consent of the President to make it public. We hardly think that the action of Mr. Cleveland can be shown to be unconstitutional, and we are very sure that it redounds to his credit as an honest man and as the head of a political party. If a British Prime Minister who had by illness been prevented from taking his place in Parliament, had under similar circumstances written such a letter to the Chancellor of the Exchequer or any other prominent member of his party, no one would for a moment imagine that he had done anything but what it was his duty to do as the man who had, so to speak, the honor of the party to which he belonged in his keeping.

The question which the indignant Senators have raised is to political students an exceedingly interesting one, as it brings into prominence one of the main points of difference between a British Sovereign and a President of the United States.

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM
ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES.
They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.
25 CENTS A BOX
Ask Your Druggist For Them.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain Indenture dated 19 July, 1892, and registered in Charge Book Vol. 11, Folio 157, Tenders will be received up to August 1st prox. for the purchase of the easterly half of Lot 64 Section 10, Victoria District, adjoining the property of N. P. Snowden, Esq., with frontage on the Gorge Road and Victoria Arm, containing two acres more or less. There is a valuable modern residence with stable and out offices upon the property and the grounds are tastefully laid out. The Mortgagee will not necessarily accept the highest or any tender. For further particulars apply to A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN, jy21-6t Five Sisters Block, Victoria, B.C.

FOR THE TEETH & BREATH.
TEABERRY.
PRICE 25¢.
ZOFESA CHEMICAL CO. TORONTO.

KEEFER & SMITH,
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS
Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters' Block, Government Street, Victoria, B.C.
A. Keefe, M.I.C.E. H. R. Smith, M.I.O.E.

Simpson, Strickland & Co.,
DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,
ENGINEERS, YACHT AND LAUNCH BUILDERS.



SOLE MAKERS OF
Kingdon's Patent Machinery

—FOR—
STEAM LAUNCHES,
ELECTRIC LIGHT and
AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and Shallow Draught Work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE
First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.
The materials and workmanship are the best.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST
fe2t

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK,
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.
Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc.
PRINCIPAL J. W. O'HURON, M.A.

GEO. A. SARGISON
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant & Agent,
48 LANGLEY ST.

MISCELLANEOUS.
USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT
for Man and Beast!
Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for British Columbia.

CHEAPSIDE.
HOUSEKEEPERS CAN GET
FRUIT KETTLES,
FRUIT JARS,
JELLY GLASSES,
RUBBER RINGS (For Bottles, Etc.)
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
GEO. POWELL & CO.
CHEAPSIDE, 127 GOVERNMENT STREET.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF
LIMITED.
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
BUILDERS' HARDWARE.
PAINTS AND OILS.
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA
SUGAR REFINERY.
PRICE LIST.
Granulated, in Bbls. or 100 lb. Bags 4½c. per lb.
Yellow, according to quality 3½ to 4½c. "
Paris Lump in Bbls. or 100 lb. Bags 5½c. "
Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls 6c. "
(APPLICABLE TO LOTS OF 5 BARRELS OR EQUAL.)
Payment by spot cash. All prices subject to change without notice.

The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure. Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this. Consumers do not obtain more weight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia product; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B.C. Sugar See That You Get It.
NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

MARVELOUS LINIMENT AND MIXTURE
Cures Rheumatism
—AND ALL KINDS OF—
SPRAINS, PAINS AND ACHES.

READ A FEW TESTIMONIALS.
Dean & Cryderman, Victoria, British Columbia, GENTLEMEN.—Was troubled with Rheumatism so bad I could hardly walk, and was cured by using your Marvelous Rheumatic Cure. A. McNELL, New York Hotel.
Dean & Cryderman, Victoria, British Columbia, GENTLEMEN.—Had a bad sprained ankle, used your Marvelous Liniment and was entirely cured in three days. GEORGE SCHMIDT, Stelitz Restaurant, No. 48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street

DEAN & CRYDERMAN
SOLE AGENTS,
Corner Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B. C.

TENDERS.
NOTICE
TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon of the 26th July, 1894, for the purchase of the Stock in Trade of Thomas McFarlane Graham, carrying on business at 148 Government Street, Victoria, B.C., as a merchant tailor and clothier.
Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
LINDLEY CRIBB, Victoria, B.C.
Solicitor for J. Piercy & Co., Mortgagees of said Stock in Trade. jy17-td

I. O. O. F.
Annual Excursion,
TO SEATTLE ON THE STEAMER ISLANDER.
\$1 50-Return Fare-\$1.50
Will leave C.P.N. Co.'s wharf on SATURDAY, JULY 28, AT 7 A.M. SHARP. jy21

Like a Thief in the Night
COMES THAT COUGH OR COLD.
DUGONG EMULSION
Like the Watchman, eternally vigilant, immediately arrests either or both.
C. E. JONES,
No. 36 Government Street. Always Open my17-3m

SANTA CLARA VALLEY LAND
For Fruit Orchard Homes.
The Rancho Armonitas—Prices, \$25 to \$125 per acre. This is the best rich, sediment soil property offered in this State for the money. S. P. has a station on the ranch, and only few miles from Watsonville Sugar Beet Refinery. This is a great country for sugar beets. For full particulars apply to E. C. Godfrey, Crocker Building, San Francisco, Cal. jy30

NEW BUTCHER SHOP.
W. B. POTTINGER takes this opportunity of informing his numerous friends and the public that he has opened a butcher shop in Stall No. 18, City Market, where will always be found a good supply of the best beef, veal, mutton and pork, which will be sold at the lowest possible price for cash. jy5

COLTART & JENNS,
Brokers, Notaries Public.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO COLLECTING RENTS.
LOANS NEGOTIATED
COMPANIES REPRESENTED:
Atlas Fire.....Capital and Assets, \$1,200,000
United Fire....." " 1,420,000
City of London....." " 1,800,000
Palatine....." " 1,800,000
Manchester Fire....." " 1,800,000
Equitable Life....." " 1,800,000
The London Guarantee & Accident Company....." " 1,540,000
Losses settled without reference to home offices. jy20

LAKE SIDE HOTEL
PRICE & JAYNES, PROPRIETORS.
COWICHAN LAKE
Is a most picturesque sheet of water, and unsurpassed on the Island for
FLY FISHING.
Pure water, healthy atmosphere and magnificent scenery.
Stage leaves Duncan Station Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. my13-6m

GREAT REDUCTIONS.
Waltham Watch Co., P. S. Bartlett, (stem wind).....\$ 8 00
Appleton, Tracy & Co.....15 00
(all new movements)
Low grades from.....4 00
Elgin Watch Co., B. W. Raymond.....15 00
SPECIAL—CLOCKS.
Eight-Day Cathedral Gong striking hours and
S. A. STODDART,
Practical Watch-maker, 68½ Yates Street. ap4

VICTORIA ARM.
FOR SALE—One of the finest sites on the Arm. Deep water frontage and running back to Gorge Road. Contains one and one-eighth acres, seven-roomed house, stables, etc. City water laid on. Twenty minutes' walk from train car. Will be sold cheap. Apply to SWINERTON & ODDY, corner Government and Yates streets, or FLINT & PROSSER, Broad street. jy5

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.
The half-yearly General Meeting of the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad Street, on Saturday, 28th July, 1894, at 8 p.m., to receive the Secretary's Semi-Annual Financial Statement and Balance Sheet, and such other business as may be brought before the Meeting; after which the 39th Drawing for an Appropriation will take place. "See that your shares are in good standing." By Order, A. St. G. FLINT, Secretary. jy22-td

RAGS WANTED.
Three cents per pound
will be paid for clean cotton rags at this office.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AUCTION SALES.

July 26.—Jewelry. H. Cuthbert & Co.
July 26, at 2 p.m.—Household Furniture. Her-
bert Cuthbert.
July 27, at 11 a.m.—Furniture. G. Byrnes.
July 27.—Household Furniture. W. T. Hard-
aker & Co.

THE CITY.

The time for receiving tenders for the
Sums dyking works has been extended un-
til August 14.

The personal effects of the late Sir M. B.
Beggie, to be sold at auction on Friday by
G. Byrnes, will be open for inspection to-
day from 1 to 4 p.m.

The members of Triumph lodge of Good
Templars spent yesterday at Esquimalt the
annual picnic being the special attraction to
that always charming locality.

The contract for supplying cast iron
water pipe to the city has been awarded to
Findlay, Durham & Brodie, whose bid for
the entire quantity required, delivered at
the yard, was \$12,075.79.

The band of the B.C.B.G.A. delighted a
large number of people at Oak Bay beach
last evening. Bandmaster Finn is energetic-
ally striving to meet the demands of the
public for the latest popular airs and is meet-
ing with good success.

EDWARD KERR, the cook of the bark
City of Glasgow, who twice during the voy-
age from England tried to commit suicide,
was last night taken to the provincial police
station for safe keeping. He will be exam-
ined to-day as to his sanity.

The annual meeting of the W.C.T.U.
will be held in Temperance Hall this after-
noon at half-past two o'clock. The meeting
is held a half-hour earlier than usual on ac-
count of the large amount of business. All
reports from the different departments of
work will be received, and if time permits
the annual election of officers will take place.
A large attendance is desired.

JOHN CALBREATH, of the well known
Cassiar trading firm of Calbreath & Cook,
came down from Fort Wrangell on the
steamer Topeka yesterday morning. Mr.
Calbreath had not been in Cassiar for the
past ten days, but speaking of the prospects
of the elections in that district he said that
the general feeling is that Captain John
Irving is sure to be elected. There is not
much news in the mining outlook in Alaska.
There had been a clean-up at the Berner
Bay mine, 80 miles from Juneau, lately,
which was very satisfactory, the returns
showing the ore to be remarkably rich.

The crew of the Duguay-Trouin have
after all been disappointed in their expecta-
tions of taking a hand in the troubles in
Korea. A cipher cablegram came from
Paris yesterday ordering the vessel to sail
for Callao, Peru. The Peruvians have been
holding their elections this month with the
usual disturbances that seem almost invari-
ably to accompany such affairs in the South
American republics. Now a regular rebel-
lion is impending, and the Duguay-Trouin
has accordingly been ordered to Callao to
protect French interests there. She sailed
last night between ten and eleven o'clock.

In accordance with the recommendations
of the Water committee adopted by the
city council on July 16, to have the water
supplied to the city analysed, the Mayor
and Dr. George Duncan, medical health
officer, went out to Elk lake yesterday to
procure samples. Under Dr. Duncan's
supervision samples were taken at the end
of the pipe, from the middle of Beaver lake
and from the middle of Elk lake. The sam-
ples were carefully sealed up in glass-stem-
pered bottles, and will at once be sent to an
eminent chemist at Montreal and to the
Dominion analyst at Ottawa to be tested.

A DELIGHTFUL evening was passed by all
who attended the anniversary social and en-
tertainment of the Centennial Methodist
church. The programme, under the general
direction of Mr. Clement Rowlands, was of
a much superior character to those usually
presented at kindred gatherings. It opened
with an exceedingly tuneful chorus, "The
March of the Patriots," by Adolphe Adam,
which was followed with solos by Mrs.
Rowlands, Mrs. Millin and Mr. Rowlands.
The most enjoyable number of the evening
was a duet, "In the Dusk of the Twilight,"
given by Mrs. Rowlands and Mrs. Millin.
The choir contributed two other choruses
and a short address by Rev. Mr. Knox ter-
minated the interesting proceedings. Miss
Morris presided at the piano.

BEFORE Mr. Justice Walkem in Chambers
yesterday, application was made on the part
of plaintiff to sign final judgment in Bank
of Montreal v. Bainbridge & Co. Order
made. Messrs. Bodwell & Irving for plain-
tiff; Messrs. Eberts & Taylor for defendant.
In Napier et al v. C. P. N. Co., an order was
granted for plaintiffs to make discovery.
Messrs. Bodwell & Irving for applicants;
Messrs. Eberts & Taylor for plaintiffs. An
application was made on behalf of de-
fendant in Bank of Montreal v. Bowker, to
add W. H. Bainbridge and others as de-
fendants. Refused without costs. Messrs.
Bodwell & Irving for applicants; Messrs.
Pooley & Luxton for plaintiffs. In Wilson
v. Cowan, application was made by plaintiff
to amend statement of claim; amendment
allowed, costs to be defendant's in any event.
Messrs. Belyea & Gregory for applicant;
Messrs. Bodwell & Irving for defendant.

ONE of the finest pictures in the "Mas-
terpieces" is "The Rear Guard," which ap-
pears in Part IX. At the beginning of the
present century, a tremendous wave of de-
struction swept over the eastern and central
parts of Europe. Napoleon I, the greatest
conqueror of modern times, had founded
the whole of Bavaria and Tyrol with his
soldiers. The unfortunate inhabitants of
the lowlands had either fled or submitted to
the usual treatment. Only in the sturdy
Alpine-folks Napoleon's victorious soldiers
found their peers. Arming themselves with
forks, scythes, sickles and any available
weapon to combat the French, they rose as
one man and marched, boy and grandfather
side by side, against the bitterly-hated
enemy. In his picture, "The Rear Guard
of the Peasant Army," Deffregger immor-
talized one of those great moments in his-
tory. As the burly, hard featured peasants
pass through a village, the women and chil-

dren and the wounded and disabled turn
out—all able-bodied men are in the field—to
bid those warriors a hearty God speed.

COLONEL BAKER.

Remarks Regarding the Recent Election in
East Kootenay—Mining Speculation.

Hon. Col. Baker, Provincial Secretary,
who returned last night from the Mainland,
said that the contest in his constituency was
happily and successfully over, with a good
majority in his favor; but Mr. Schou had
received more votes than had been expected
at the commencement of the contest. "This
may," said the Colonel, "be attributed to
his having stolen a march on me while I was
engaged on the Fraser river. In addition,
the strong personality of Mr. Schou must
have great weight in any contest he under-
takes. He did not descend to any personal
matters and refused to allow the distribu-
tion of some most scurrilous posters
which had been sent out by the committee
at Vancouver. In fact he behaved on the
whole in a most courteous manner. The
contest may be said to have been unique of
its kind as at all meetings Mr. Schou's ob-
ject appeared to have been to laud his op-
ponent with praise and find fault with his
party."

At the time Col. Baker pointed out that,
granting Mr. Schou were returned as he
desired to be, he was without a leader and
without a policy. It would appear, said
Col. Baker, that a number of people voted
against him on account of misunderstandings
between them and various companies and
individuals, some of which are highly
amusing. All who had much at stake in
the country were found on the side of the
colonel to whom it is exceedingly satisfac-
tory to find that with two exceptions all the
electors in his own part of the district (some
86 in number) voted solidly for him, many
coming as far as sixty miles to do so.

Col. Baker gives a good account of the
mining prospects of the southern portion of
East Kootenay. Several valuable leads of
gold and silver have been discovered but
the depression in silver which is affecting
other mining districts of the country is felt
in that section and causes business to be
stagnant.

THE SYNDICATE SHOW.

What the "Post-Intelligencer" Has to Say
About To-day's Big Attraction.

To-day is circus day in Victoria. The
"New Great Syndicate Shows and Paris
Hippodrome" is booked to arrive this
morning on two special steamers chartered
to transport the big affair. The large and
roomy City of Seattle is one of the boats,
and it is her that brings the performers and
people as well as the horses and menagerie.
The boats are due at 5 o'clock this morning
and the parade will undoubtedly start on
time. The lots are situated most con-
veniently, being at the junction of Govern-
ment and Douglas streets.

The New Syndicate shows form as large
and complete a circus and menagerie as has
ever visited Victoria. It has everywhere
created the most favorable impression. It
exhibited in Seattle last Saturday, and the
Post-Intelligencer of that city comments
upon the exhibition as follows:

"The circus was in town yesterday and
the Great Syndicate show with its aggrega-
tion of wild animals, men, women, horses,
chariots and band all in glittering parapher-
nalia again had the fascinating power of
drawing out old and young, who crowded
the principal streets in the morning to see
the parade and crowded the immense canvas
that covers the show, both afternoon and
evening, to enjoy a performance that was
full of pleasing interest from first to last.
There is a fascination about a circus that
irresistibly attracts old as well as young, be
the performance ever so poor, but doubly so
when the entertainment is satisfactory, and
this latter was the general verdict of the
nearly 10,000 people who crowded the tent
during the afternoon and evening. The com-
pany under the management of Mr. J. M.
Johnson has nothing to fear from carping
critics, and though there are no very great
novelties, yet it was a good, clean, healthy
performance, with several very amusing
clowns that kept the little ones wishing for
them all the time. The wardrobe of the
company is a feature, being clean, bright
and of course glittering and dazzling to the
young folks."

"The performance, which is given in two
rings and a platform, covers a programme
in which some exceedingly clever people do
many wonderful tricks. The programme is
long, and were it not for the rapidity with
which the acts succeed one another and the
snap and vim with which everything is done,
the show would last over three hours. As
it is, with the splendid supervision given to
details by the equestrian director, John
D'Alma, a perfect kaleidoscope of rapidly
changing acts is crowded into two and a
half hours, so that there is never a wait or
a hitch. The perfect discipline of the com-
pany was also a subject of favorable com-
ment yesterday."

Some people laugh to show their pretty teeth.
The use of Ivory White Tooth Powder makes
people laugh more than ever. It's so nice.
Price 25c. Sold by druggists.

A Business Finder.

MONSIEUR—How do you find business?
MERCHANT—Advertise for it, of course.

The Bank Exchange.

Luncheon will be served as usual, and this
evening at 15 cents.

PRESERVING kettles and preserving
crockets at Weiler Bros.

Boys' kid and dogskin gloves. A large
assortment at Reid's, 122 Gov't. street.

Children's Sailor Blouses in
cream serge, navy serge, Galatea
stripe, etc. See them, at Reid's,
122 Government street.

The Bank Exchange.

Private dining rooms up stairs.

HOME FROM OTTAWA.

The Garrison Artillery Parade to
Welcome the Commanding Officer
and Mr. Earle.

Who Fittingly Acknowledge the Com-
pliment and Speak of Their
Parliamentary Work.

A guard of honor from the Battalion of
Garrison Artillery turned out last evening
to welcome home their popular commanding
officer, Lieut.-Col. Prior, M.P., after his
absence of six months attending the session
of the House of Commons at Ottawa. The
parade was in command of Major Quinlan,
with Lieut. Jameson acting as Adjutant,
and there was a full attendance of the other
officers, while Sergeant-Major Mulcahy mus-
tered nearly a hundred non-commissioned
officers and gunners. The band of course
was present, under Bandmaster Finn. The
Artillery left the drill hall as the steamer
from the Mainland neared the entrance to
the harbor, and came to a halt at the wharf
just as the whistle of the Charmer signalled
the approach to the dock. The familiar figure
of the Colonel was descried on the upper
deck, and beside him stood his colleague,
Thomas Earle, M.P. The band struck up
"Home, Sweet Home," and the crowd of
spectators on the wharf gave a welcoming
cheer to their parliamentary representatives.
Col. Prior having landed, the guard should-
ered arms by way of salute, and after he
had exchanged a few words with Major
Quinlan and other officers he drove to the
drill hall, accompanied by Mr. Earle, and
followed by the Artillery, the band playing
the liveliest airs. At the drill hall Col.
Prior made a short speech to the men,
thanking them for the honor they had done
him and his colleague by turning out to
meet them at the wharf, and expressing
his appreciation of the feeling of
goodwill which had prompted them
to do so. He spoke in flattering terms of
the appearance and drill of his battalion as
compared with the crack corps of the East
which he had recently seen, and stated that
since so much of the success of the battalion
is due to having their fine new drill hall
they would no doubt be pleased to hear that
he and Mr. Earle had secured an appropria-
tion of \$5,000 to put the finishing touches to
it. They had not forgotten the general in-
terests of Victoria either, and he was happy
to say in this connection that they had
brought the plans for the new post office
and custom house with them so that an
early commencement of this work might
be looked for. This announcement was re-
ceived with great applause from the crowd
of spectators in the galleries and Col.
Prior after again thanking the battalion for
having paraded, asked Mr. Earle to favor
them with an address.

Mr. Earle in response said he could tell
the battalion that they owed a great deal to
Col. Prior for his efforts to secure for them
the fine hall in which they were assembled,
and for the completion of which with fittings
yet required, a further appropriation had
been secured. He complimented the band
upon the fine music which they had rendered
at the wharf, and he quite agreed with the
musicians that "there is no place like
home." He and Col. Prior had long ago
come to that conclusion, and for weeks had
been looking forward with great expectancy
to their return to this beautiful city of Vic-
toria.

Major Quinlan then called for three cheers
for Col. Prior and Mr. Earle, which were
right heartily given by all ranks, and the
parade was then dismissed.

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

Free access to the North Pacific ocean will
be given of all sealing vessels after Sunday
next awaiting the arrival of the open seal-
ing season, and there are now about
fifteen schooners at Unalaska. These have
all their sealing tackle officially sealed,
and when broken will be allowed to start work.
Their success is anxiously looked for, for
their venture is entirely different to what
they have hitherto been accustomed to.
Many predict poor catches owing to the ad-
verse circumstances under which they will
hunt and the almost certain rough weather
of the winter season. In the event of poor
luck, however, a few of the fleet will not re-
main for the season on the Alaskan side of
the sea, but will go across to the Copper
island coast. To the north of Copper island
great herds of seal are believed by some to
exist at certain times of the season and late
in the year, and to get among these is what
these particular craft desire.

The Alaska mail steamer City of Topeka
touched here on her way down from the
North early yesterday morning, and landed
a little freight and a few passengers. She
only remained in port a few hours and pro-
ceeded on her way to the Sound shortly be-
fore six o'clock.

The Benmore is expected to complete her
cargo and sail next Saturday.

ENTRICKED.

Str. Charmer.....from Vancouver.
" City of Kingston..... Port Townsend.
" Rosalie..... " " "
" City of Topeka..... Sitka.
" Yosemite..... N. Westminster.
Sloop Champion..... Sooke.

CLEARER.

Str. Charmer.....for Vancouver
" City of Kingston..... Port Townsend.
" Rosalie..... " " "
" City of Topeka..... " " "
" Yosemite..... N. Westminster.
" Hope..... Nanaimo.
Sloop Champion..... Sooke.

STAGE COACH ROBBERY.

The First of the Kind in Mexico for Nearly
Ten Years.

VERA CRUZ, July 25.—The diligence be-
tween Perote places and Tezuitlan has been
held up by robbers and a large amount of
money and valuables secured. The robbery
is the first of the kind in Mexico for nearly
ten years. The stage coach meets the trains
of the Inter-Oceanic railway and had started
for Tezuitlan and while still in the great pine
forests was attacked by armed men. The
driver, guard and passengers were taken
by surprise. One of the passengers was a
rich Spanish merchant, living in Tezuitlan
and had \$5,000 in bank notes. The bandits
secured this and then took the express box.
Among the passengers were two women.
From the latter were taken diamond rings
and jewelry. Troops are in pursuit of the
brigands and will probably make no capture,
but kill on sight.

Miss Sayen on Physical Culture.

An opportunity will be given to the ladies
of Victoria of becoming acquainted with the
latest ideas in the field of Physical Culture.
The Institute hall, View street, has been
engaged for Friday afternoon, July 27, at 3
o'clock, when an informal talk illustrated by
appropriate exercises will be given by Miss
Sayen. Admission 25cts. July 22-25

Drink Victoria-Phoenix Lager Beer.

PUBLIC SCHOOL BOARD.

Appointments to the Teaching Staff
of the Victoria Collegiate
Institute.

Tonic Sol Fa System in the Schools
—New Rules for City
Janitors

The School Board met last night, Mr.
Charles Hayward in the chair, the other
members present being Trustees Lovell,
Saunders and Glover.

A. C. Ewart, the architect for the new
Pemberton gymnasium, wrote stating that
the building would be completed by August
2, and inviting the trustees to go through it
before it was taken over from the con-
tractor. Filed and invitation accepted.

Mrs. J. Smith wrote asking that her two
children might be allowed to continue at
the Central school. Laid on the table.

Mr. Soule, the architect for the North
Ward school, wrote that he would refuse to
accept the material that the contractor was
filling up the grounds with. Received and
filed.

R. Cassidy wrote that he was instructed
on behalf of Thomas H. Tye to claim \$300
damages for the breaking down of the fence
between his property and that of the Doug-
las street school. If not satisfactorily ar-
ranged legal proceedings would be taken.

TRUSTEE LOVELL said that the fence had
been on the school grounds and was pulled
down when the school was built.

TRUSTEE GLOVER moved that the letter
be received and filed. The board could not
consider there was any claim on them.

THE CHAIRMAN remarked that the fact of
the matter seemed to be that Mr. Tye had
been simply allowed the use of someone
else's ground for several years.

Received and filed.
D. Graham wrote that he had interviewed
Superintendent Pope on the subject of tonic
sol fa singing in the schools and had been
told that the department would be willing
to introduce the system if the board of
trustees desired it.

TRUSTEE SAUNDERS moved that Mr.
Graham be retained at \$60 a month, to
teach the tonic sol fa system in the schools,
subject to the approval of the Department
of Education.

THE CHAIRMAN thought that one diffi-
culty in the way was that the estimates for
the year had already been sent in.

TRUSTEE SAUNDERS said Mr. Graham
would be willing to start in at once and
wait for his salary till the beginning of the
year, when the board would be in a position
to pay.

TRUSTEE LOVELL thought that a commit-
tee should be appointed to arrange the
matter and report at next meeting.

TRUSTEE SAUNDERS withdrew his motion
and Trustee Lovell's suggestion was carried.
Messrs. Saunders and Lovell being appointed
the committee.

C. Braund & Co. wrote, offering to sell
maps and chalk to the board. Referred to
the supply committee to act.

The Nanaimo school board, contemplating
the erection of a new school, wrote asking
information about the new schools recently
erected in Victoria. The Secretary was
instructed to reply.

A new set of rules for janitors was sub-
mitted by the Chairman to the meeting. He
had, he said, drawn these up as the old
rules were unsatisfactory and not sufficiently
definite.

The regulations were read, found favor in
the sight of the board, and were adopted.

A number of applications for positions as
teachers were laid on the table.

The usual batch of bills was referred to
the finance committee for payment if found
correct.

The board then went into committee of
the whole on the applications for positions
of second and third master in the Collegiate
institute.

Mr. Neil Heath, B. A., was appointed
second master and Mr. John Simpson, M.
A., third master, thus making the full staff
of the institute as below:

	Salary Per Month.
E. R. Paul M.A. principal.....	\$120
Neil Heath, B.A. second master.....	110
John Simpson, M.A. third master.....	110
A. J. Pineo, B.A. fourth master.....	90

QUIET AT OAKLAND.

Naval Battalion Ordered to Return to the
Charleston.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Secretary Her-
bert to-day ordered the naval battalion from
the cruiser Charleston, which has been on
duty at Oakland during the railway dis-
turbances, to return to their proper post on
that vessel, Gen. Ruger, in command of the
U.S. forces in California, not requiring their
presence any longer. The Charleston is ex-
pected to be ready for sea in a few days.

That Tired Feeling

So common at this season, is a serious
condition, liable to lead to disastrous
results. It is a sure sign of declining
health tone, and that the blood is im-
purified and impure. The best and
most successful remedy is found in

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Which makes rich, healthy blood, and
thus gives strength to the nerves, elas-
ticity to the muscles, vigor to the brain
and health to the whole body. In
truth, Hood's Sarsaparilla

Makes the Weak Strong

Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's.
\$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by
C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable. 25c.

SOMETHING NEWER

Healthy and delightful.

VIENNA CREAM

(WITH SODA). Call in and try it. The
very latest.

THE CENTRAL DRUG STORE,
Clarence Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts

HARTMAN & CO.,
COMMISSION : MERCHANTS,
11 and 12 New City Market.

Receivers of Grain, Hay, Mill Feed, Potatoes,
Poultry, Eggs, Imported and Domestic Fruits,
etc. Liberal advances made on consignments.
Returns made weekly. Have you seen our
Chop Feed, which cannot be excelled? 1000-lb

THE WESTSIDE,

Government Street, Victoria, B.C.,

Phoenix-like arises from its recent fire and consequent Clearance Sale, to
a more satisfactory and better trade than heretofore.

Our buyers are now on their way to the English and Continental
Markets to select a full assortment of Merchandise for Fall and Winter
Trade. As every garment has been cleared out of our showroom, it of
necessity follows, that all Mantles, Jackets, Waterproofs, Capes, etc.,
will be of the newest, and as the selection will be made by Mr. and Mrs.
Campbell, noted artists in these lines, assurance is given that cut and
styles will be right.

In the meantime, however, we have just opened FOUR CASES
which were delayed by the big blockade, and as the season is advanced,
we have marked everything at very close prices. KID GLOVES—The
Bretagne Lacing and Perfect Fittings are admittedly the best glove re-
tailled in the city at \$1.25. The Westside Glove has a provincial reputa-
tion. We have full lines to hand in Dome and Stud Fastenings. Every
pair of either of the above lines are fully warranted when the correct size
is taken. CORSETS—All sizes in P.D. in black, white and grey, also
full lines in Summer, C.C. and Elegant. The following are

"A FEW OF THE THINGS TO GIVE TRADE WINGS."

Tussore Silks, 17½ cents per yard, or by the piece of 19 to 20 yards,
\$3.30. Best Hochelaga-make Sheetings, 8-4 at 22½c., 9-4 at 27½c. and
10-4 at 32½c. Spool Cottons, best 6-cord, 35c. per dozen. Stay Bones,
the Ever-Ready, 15c. per dozen, and other goods in proportion.
SEE SHOW WINDOWS.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.,

July 13th, 1894.

The Westside, Government St.

TO-DAY

—WE WILL SELL—

BOYS' CLOTHING

—JUST THINK—

Boys' all-wool, 3 piece Suits, only.....\$3.00

A good Suit for.....\$4.00

And a first-class Suit for.....\$5.00

Sold everywhere for \$7.00 and \$7.50.

Ladies, come and see these goods, they are cheap; not
cheap Suits, but Good Suits, CHEAP.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

35 & 37 JOHNSON STREET.

js22

NEWEST DESIGNS IN

1894-5 WALL PAPER

Travellers now on the road with the finest line ever offered in ALL GRADES.
PARLOR PAPERS, with Friezes to match, in the most artistic effects.
INGRAYS, GILTS, BORDERS, BROWN BLANKS, DECORATIONS.
Should our Traveller not call on you, we will be pleased to mail samples direct.

TRADE ONLY.

COLIN McARTHUR & CO.,

MONTREAL WALL PAPER FACTORY,

je29-3m

1030 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.

TENNIS PLAYERS

SHOULD BEAR IN MIND

THAT WE ARE AGENTS

FOR WRIGHT & DITSON'S

Racquets

FRASER VALLEY RELIEF.

Report of the Committee—More Funds Required to Meet Cases of Distress.

Impossible to Estimate Actual Needs, But They Will Last for Some Time.

The following report dated Westminster, July 21, has just been issued by the Fraser Valley Relief Committee:

In pursuance of the authority conferred upon this committee at the general meeting of the mayors and boards of trade representing the cities, and the reeves and others from the flooded districts, held at New Westminster on 12th June last, the committee proceeded at once to ascertain as far as possible the needs of the sufferers by the recent flood, the plan adopted being to receive applications for relief only through the reeves or resident clergymen representing the various municipalities, and acting on their recommendations.

The inquiries thus made have discovered that relief has been very generally required, and the committee has already relieved some 147 cases, and further applications continue to come in. The relief so far has been merely temporary, taking the form of provisions to supply immediate want and some seed for sowing this season. The question of fencing has yet to be taken up, for in nearly all cases the loss of fencing has been very great. Already applications have been received for fencing material to the value of \$8,000, based on a three-wire or three-board fence at the option of the applicant. Practically no fencing has yet been distributed, but the committee has already incurred responsibility in this direction by the purchase of wire now in transit to New Westminster.

The relief given out by the committee up to the present date amounts to about \$2,100, and funds to enable the committee to meet this expenditure are immediately required. The loss to the sufferers generally has no doubt been extremely heavy, and the committee fully recognizes the fact that it cannot attempt to approximate that loss with any means of relief that may be available. Its operations, therefore, have so far been limited to cases of actual and pressing need, and it has not afforded and does not propose to afford help to any person whose financial circumstances are fairly good.

The committee is not able at present to make any estimate of the ultimate sum that will be required to meet cases of distress between the present date and the coming spring; but, while it is not disposed to exaggerate the situation, there can be no doubt that the condition of many of the sufferers, as reported by those in authority, is such that assistance will be urgently needed for many months to come, and a considerable sum in addition to that above mentioned will be required for relief.

The committee, therefore, deems it necessary to urge upon all those in a position to give or procure funds for this purpose to use every effort to do so without delay.

THOS. LEWIS, Secretary.
New Westminster, B.C., July 21, 1894.

FULL COURT.

(Present: McCreight, Drake and Walkem, JJ.)
Adams v. McBeath: This was an appeal from the judgment of the Hon. Mr. Justice Crease, pronounced on the 26th May, 1893, in which it was declared that the will of Samuel Adams, made on the 11th November, 1891, in favor of the defendant McBeath, had been obtained by the defendant by reason of undue influence, and directing that the probate of the will should be set aside.

The trial was a very lengthy one, the material facts of which were published in these columns as the case progressed, as well as the learned judge's exhaustive judgment, the effect of which has been shortly stated above.

The grounds on which the appeal is based are, as set out in the notice of appeal: that in order to support the judgment setting aside the will on the ground of undue influence, it must be proved that the said will was executed under the influence of coercion such as to deprive the testator of the free exercise of his own judgment in respect to the disposition of his property, or that the said will had been obtained from the testator by fraud of the defendant. That the facts and circumstances disclosed in evidence did not establish such a case as against the defendant; but, on the contrary, it was proved that the instructions for the will originated with and were given by the testator personally; that the will was drawn according to his instructions; that he knew and approved of the contents of the will before and after its execution; that he executed it voluntarily, and without any improper influence being brought to bear upon him by the defendant or anyone acting on the defendant's behalf; and, finally, that the judgment is against the weight of evidence.

The appeal was originally set down for hearing on the 10th July, 1893, but, owing to one circumstance and another, was adjourned from time to time till at length an entire year was consumed before the case reached the court of appeal. Hon. Theodore Davie, Q.C., with Mr. Walls, appears for the plaintiff, respondent, Adams, and Mr. Ernest V. Bodwell, with Mr. H. G. Hall, for the defendant, appellant. Mr. Bodwell yesterday commenced argument, and it is more than likely that the case will go into at least two or three days.

THE WORLD'S MILCH COWS.

Englishmen as Money Lenders—Forcing Their Money in Every Kind of Undertaking.

(Contemporary Review.)

Englishmen are the milch cows of the world. They are the great lenders from whom all nations borrow. For generations they have been rich and saving, until at last their annual accumulations have become greater than the annual openings for legitimate investment. So severe has the pressure become that lately the money lender has been forcing his money into every kind of undertaking, in all parts of the world, creating by his own eagerness to lend, the corresponding desire to borrow. It is the weight of uninvested money which stimulates borrowing not the capidity of the impetuous. Borrowing has not produced lending, but lending borrowing. Interest has continued to fall because there are more lenders than borrowers. If Englishmen think, then, that any communities have dipped too deep into the English purse, they can easily apply the corrective by a little self-control. They should abstain from further lending. This may seem a heroic remedy, but it is the only remedy.

It is important to keep the liver and kidneys in good condition. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy for invigorating these organs.

THE PIONEER NEWSPAPER

The Weekly Colonist

ESTABLISHED 1858.

Most Interesting Weekly Newspaper
Published in British Columbia.

Every Issue Contains Full Local, Provincial and General News.

SEND IT ABROAD.

Information about British Columbia is now sought for in every quarter of the English-speaking world. There is no better evidence of the progress and prosperity of the Province than that furnished by the character of its Newspapers. It is universally conceded that THE COLONIST is first among the excellent Newspapers of British Columbia. If you desire to advise your friends abroad on matters pertaining to this Province, you can use no more accurate and convincing argument than furnished you in THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

READ IT AT HOME.

Residents in every section of the Province should read THE WEEKLY COLONIST if they wish to keep posted on the News of the World, the News of the Province, or on the Political Situation—Provincial, Dominion or Imperial. THE COLONIST is ably edited, supplies the cream of the Local and Foreign News, and furnishes a vast amount of general information valuable to every reader. The ladies are not forgotten, for the Fashions of the Day and other matters peculiar to women are described and illustrated by clever people. Your family will be more intelligent by constantly reading British Columbia's Great Weekly.

FOR \$2 PER YEAR

THE WEEKLY COLONIST will be sent, postage free, to any part of Canada or the United States. To all European countries, the postal charge per copy is 2 cents, making the paper \$3.00 per year. You can send your subscription direct to the office of publication, or pay it to any authorized agent. You can subscribe for it at any time. The best time is now. Address all letters to

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co., Ltd.,

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Ball Refused—The Purcell Will Case Settled—Ontario Election Protests.

TORONTO, July 25.—(Special).—A motion for bail for Mrs. Hartley, in jail at Brantford charged with the murder of her husband, was refused at Osgoode hall yesterday.

The famous case of Purcell vs. Bergin, as to the will of the late Patrick Purcell, M.P. for Glengarry, after a long litigation has at last been settled. Justice Street in the Chancery court made an order for the handing over of the estate by the Toronto General Trusts Co. administrators ad litem to the executors. By the terms of the settlement the Bishop of Alexandria is to receive \$35,000, and the Archbishops of Kingston and Ottawa \$25,000 between them.

Dr. Mackenzie, Dominion medical referee, and H. H. Land, secretary of the Royal Templars order, have left on a tour of the Northwest and British Columbia in the interest of the organization.

Election protests have been entered at Osgoode Hall against the return of Hon. J. M. Gibson, for Hamilton, and Dr. Ryerson for East Toronto.

Charles H. Ussher aged 30, son of Deputy Provincial Registrar Ussher, has been drowned off Mimico while yachting.

SMUGGLING ON THE SOUND.

Vigorous Action Taken by the U.S. to Suppress Smuggling.

TACOMA, July 25.—The United States government will take up the suppression of opium smuggling with increased vigor. Four fast steam launches will be purchased to establish a systematic water patrol on Puget sound and the Columbia river. One launch will be stationed at Tacoma, one at Port Townsend, one at Astoria and one at Portland. The customs force in this district will be augmented by the addition of four active young men who are not afraid, and the launches will cruise constantly. Other small launches and revenue cutters owned by the government will be placed at various places on the Sound, Seattle among them, to watch for smuggling operations. This grows out of the recent trip here of Assistant Secretary Hamlin, of the treasury department, and J. J. Crowley, supervising special agent. Heretofore smugglers have had a soft snap, owing to customs officers' slow vessels and small force. Leslie Cullom, special agent of the treasury, whom they told of these increases, says there will be no further excuse for smuggling when the new service becomes effective. More opium is shipped across the border into this state than at any other part of the United States.

The best fruit kettles, at Cheapside.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the partnership hitherto existing between the undersigned as brewers, under the firm name of Lawson & Bennett, at the "City Brewery," Victoria, B.C., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.
Dated 10th July, 1894.

Witness,
JOHN LAWSON,
LINDLEY CREASE,
JOHN BENNETT.

Take notice that John Leahy of the "Colonial Brewery" Johnson street, and John Bennett of the "City Brewery" Fort street, Victoria, have this day entered into partnership, under the firm name of Leahy & Bennett, of the "Colonial & City Breweries" amalgamated.
John Bennett having purchased the interest of his late partner, John Lawson, in the "City Brewery," Fort street, the "City Brewery" will be closed, and the business henceforth carried on and customers supplied from the Brewery on Johnson street.
Jy21-04

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have deposited with the Minister of Public Works, a plan and description of a wharf, proposed to be erected by me in Constance Cove, Esquimalt Harbor, abutting on part of Section 26, Esquimalt District, and have deposited a duplicate of each in the Land Registry Office, in the City of Victoria, and that I have applied to the Governor in Council for the approval thereof.
Dated 19th July, 1894.

JOHN JOSHUA RUSSELL,
Victoria, B.C.
Jy21-04

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Licensing Board at its next sitting for a transfer to Lionel Dickinson, of Victoria, of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Standard Saloon, situate on the southeast corner of Pandora and Douglas streets, in the City of Victoria.
Dated this 30th day of June, A.D. 1894.
Jy7-1m WM. FIELD.



Notice to Market Gardeners and Others.

NOTICE is hereby given that Lots 49, 152 and 153, and part of Lots 35 and 151, all in Group 1, New Westminster District, situated in Burnaby Municipality, on the line of the Westminster and Vancouver Tramway, have been subdivided, by survey, into blocks of about seven (7) acres each, valued at \$60 per acre.

Also that section 42, Lake District, about 7 miles from Victoria, has been similarly subdivided and valued at \$50 per acre.

Applications will be received by the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works upon and after Wednesday, 18th July, from any person who may be desirous of leasing one of the blocks of land above referred to under the provisions of sub section (3) of section 2 of the "Land Act Amendment Act, 1891."

Applications for a lease must be made upon the printed form which will be provided for that purpose.

Forms for application can be obtained, and plans of the property can be seen, at the office of Charles Warwick, Esq., Government Agent, New Westminster; at the office of A. E. Beck, Esq., Registrar of the Court, Vancouver, and at the office of the undersigned.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works,
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., 20th June, 1894. Jc30-1m



"Fire Insurance Policy Act, 1893."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has further postponed the commencement of "An Act to secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance," from the 1st day of April, 1894, until the 1st day of April, 1895.

JAMES RAKER,
Provincial Secretary,
Provincial Secretary's Office,
20th March, 1894. Jc10-1d

"YALE FELLOWS, WELL MET!"

Supper to the Collegiate Athletes—
U. S. Ambassador Bayard's Fel-
lows Remarks.

Sir Richard Webster's Tribute to the
Pluck of the Defeated
Champions.

On the 17th instant the United States
residents in London gave a supper in the
Criterion restaurant in honor of the Yale
athletes, a distinguished company being pre-
sent. Hon. Thomas F. Bayard the U. S.
Ambassador acted as chairman, and in his
opening remarks said:

"Gentlemen, Friends, and Fellow-Coun-
trymen: We are all friends. Although we
are not now all fellow-countrymen, we were
once. I shall never forget this occasion. If
I did not think it a serious play upon words,
I would give expression to the distortion—
'Yale fellows well met.' (Laughter.) Every
American and every Englishman in sym-
pathy with America cannot contemplate
without interest the coming across the At-
lantic of a handful of the average American
youth to try a hand in the old country with
the vigor and skill of the new country.
There is only one toast to-night and one rap-
ply. My young friends sitting on the right,
the simplest mode is the best when men
come simple-minded to test their best
against the best of England. It was not a
barren victory that struck the shield of the
strongest that went into the lists against the
strongest to win or to lose in the friendly
contest on Monday. Honors were easy,
but victory was not. Whoever won won by
qualities that ought to win. One fact in
the heart and mind of every man present
was 'fair field and no favor.' If humanity
has any duty it is to hold the scales of jus-
tice even and not permit fashion and pre-
judice to bear down either side. The test
of man and the test of government is to see
that a contest between man and man be at-
tended with fair play.

"If I know anything of America and
England, the ultimate end which the Queen
or the President, the Lords, Senate or Com-
mons, represent is that we have fair play
for the individual. The spirit of yesterday's
manly endeavor is the same in principle that
ought to prevail in politics in every depart-
ment—that every man have his place fairly.
If the laborer shall have the right to sell his
labor at his own price, so we find that in
the athletics of body and mind the rights
of the individual man must be admitted.
You name the judges of the contest; you
bow to the decision, knowing that where
you find such judges modern civilization
must find in them the conscience of the
nation."

Turning towards the Yale men, Mr. Bay-
ard continued: "I read the hopes of the
future in these hearts. It is this that makes
me satisfied to wait in a sometimes clouded
present—hope for a better future. I am
sure that you and your fellow countrymen
who came in your honor, and in the honor
of our country, have felt the warm breath of
the welcome of kinship. You came from
America with hope; you will not leave
England with despair. You came to oppose
the best athletes that England could pro-
duce; you go home with a resolve to come
again in greater force and with greater suc-
cess."

Mr. Bayard then proposed the toast to the
Yale team, making special mention of Capt.
Hickok. Songs by Decallu and Mme. Da-
quamar, of New York, followed. Amid
rousing cries and cheers for Hickok, the
Yale Captain rose and spoke modestly as
follows:

"I do not know what to say. It is not
much anyway. The team came over to see
what they could do with their English
cousins. The left New York, had a good
voyage, trained at Oxford, the games came
off on Monday, and, contrary to expecta-
tion, we lost. We hope that the outcome
will be better next time. I do not think
the weather had much to do with it, in spite
of the excuses of our friends. Oxford won
fairly and squarely. I do not know what
was the matter with our runners. Certainly
they were not so fast as Oxford's. I hope
for another trial. I hope that Oxford will
visit America, when we shall give them as
good a reception as they gave us. I guess
that's all."

As Captain Hickok sat down the company
gave the Yale yell.

Counsel General Collins reminded the team
that they would have had better weather
last year. He was interrupted by loud
cries for Sir Richard Webster, who made a
brief speech. He eulogized Mr. Bayard
and begged to drink to the health of the
distinguished man representing America.

"I must say," he continued, "that I
warmly appreciate the visit of our American
friends. I would not have cared one bit if
they had won, as a reward for their pluck.
I admire the grand way in which they took
their defeat. I want to tell Yale friends a
lesson I was taught many years ago—never
know whether a race is lost until it is over.
It is the same in every contest in life.
Many a cricket match has been won at the
last wicket. I hope that these contests will
continue and that our best youths will go
across the Atlantic."

Sir Richard ended by toasting the health
of Mr. Bayard, "A citizen of the great Re-
public and a worthy successor of illustrious
predecessors." After the great applause
with which the toast was received had sub-
sided, Mr. Bayard arose and said:

"I thank God that I represent America.
I feel deeply honored for that. I mean that
the name and the fame of our country shall
not at my hands be disparaged."

STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

Market Firm Despite Strong Efforts of Room
Operators to Depress the List.

NEW YORK, July 25.—The opening deal-
ings of the stock exchange were character-
ized by strength so far as American Sugar
was concerned, but the general market for
the time was dull and steady. Subsequently
room operators sold a line of grangers, stocks
on report from the West about damage to
the growing corn and efforts were made to
further depress the list on account of the
poorer earnings reported for the third week
of the current month and the likelihood of
big gold shipments by Saturday's European
steamers. The most important road which
gave out its earnings for the third week
was St. Paul and the receipts showed
a falling off of \$132,000 as compared
with the same period last year. Gold
shipments by Saturday's steamers from
present indications will reach nearly \$3,000,
000, and unless there is a material increase
in the supply of bills \$5,000,000 will have to
be forwarded. Bankers at present do not
see how big shipments can be averted.
The decline in the active railway list ranged
from 1 to 1 1/2 per cent. The total sales were
117,898 shares, of which 34,800 were sugar.
Closing bids: Atchison 12 1/2; Burlington &

Quincy, 7 1/2; Canada Southern, 48 1/2; Canadian
Pacific, 63; Central Pacific, 10 1/2; Chicago,
Cincinnati, Columbus & St. Louis, 53;
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 161;
Erie, 13 1/2; Wells Fargo Express, 12;
Great Northern, preferred, 99 1/2; Lake
Shore, 129 1/2; Louisville & Nashville, 45;
New York Central, 96 1/2; New York
& New England, 2 1/2; North Amer-
ican Co., 2 1/2; Northern Pacific, 3 1/2;
Northern Pacific, preferred, 12 1/2; North-
western, 103 1/2; Oregon Navigation, 13;
Oregon Improvement, 12; Pacific Mail, 1 1/2;
Reading, 16 1/2; Rock Island, 65 1/2; St. Paul,
57 1/2; Texas Pacific, 8 1/2; Union Pacific, 8 1/2;
Western Union, 84 1/2; bar silver, 62 3/4.

THE CITY MARKETS.

A Quiet Week in all Lines—New Potatoes
Cheaper and More Plentiful.

Little of interest can be told of the market
situation this week. In retail business
there is no visible prospect of a cheering
nature. The market is well stocked with
all staple products. New potatoes have
dropped half a cent per pound, and are now
quite plentiful. There is also an abundance
of fruit in the market, the home growth
being in good supply. Being on the eve of
another harvest grain is quiet. New hay
has not yet begun to come in. One feature
of the week's trade particularly noticeable
is the large importation of sheep from the
American side, the cattle required to meet
the beef demand have mainly all been from
the upper country.

Current retail quotations are as follows:

Flour—Ogilvie's (Hungarian) per bbl.	\$ 5.50
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian).....	5.50
Premier.....	5.50
Three Star.....	5.25
Victoria.....	5.25
Lion.....	5.00
Royal.....	5.25
Portland roller.....	5.00
Snow Flake.....	5.00
Salom.....	5.00
Wheat, per ton.....	30.00
Oats, per ton.....	35.00
Barley, per ton.....	32.00
Middlings, per ton.....	32.00
Bran, per ton.....	25.00
Ground Feed, per ton.....	30.00
Corn, whole.....	45.00
" cracked.....	50.00
Cornmeal, per 10 lbs.....	40
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs.....	50
Rolls Oats, per lb.....	6
Potatoes (new) per lb.....	10
Cabbage, per lb.....	3 1/2
Cauliflower, per doz.....	1.00
Rhubarb, per lb.....	.04
Hay, baled, per ton.....	17.00
Straw, per bale.....	1.00
Onions, per lb.....	.05
" Silver, per lb.....	.06
Eggs, Island, per dozen.....	25.00
" Imported.....	20
Butter, fresh.....	25.00
" Creamery, per 3 lbs.....	1.00
Hams, American, per lb.....	.20
" Canadian.....	.18
" Boneless.....	.20
Bacon, American, per lb.....	.18
" Rolled.....	.14
" Long clear.....	.16
" Canadian.....	.18
Shoulders, per lb.....	.11
Lard.....	15.00
Golden Cattle, per lb.....	12 1/2
Meats—Beef per lb.....	8.00
" Sides.....	8.12
Mutton, per lb.....	8.12
" Frozen, per lb.....	8.11
Pork, fresh, per lb.....	10.15
Chickens, per pair.....	1.00
Turkey per lb.....	18.00
Geese per lb.....	16.00
Pigeons, each.....	25.00
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb.....	10.12
Habit.....	10.12
Cod, per lb.....	6.00
Small fish.....	5.00
Smelts, per lb.....	8.10
Fruits—Apples (per lb).....	10
" (Australian) per doz.....	25.00
Oranges (Australian) per doz.....	25.00
do. (Naval).....	10.00
do. (Mexican).....	25.00
do. (Fiji).....	25
Limes.....	10
Lemons (California).....	35.00
" (Australian).....	25.00
" (Fiji).....	40.00
New Orleans Bananas, per doz.....	45
Pine Apples, apiece.....	25.00
Honolulu Bananas, per doz.....	25.00
Tomatoes, per lb.....	10.12
Cherries.....	10.12
Apricots.....	10.12
Peaches.....	10.12
Plums.....	10.12
Gooseberries, per lb.....	10.12
Strawberries.....	10.12
Black Currants.....	10.12
Red.....	10.12
Raspberries.....	10.12
Pears.....	10.12
Watermelons, each.....	75.00

Dear Sirs.—I have used Yellow Oil for two
or three years, and think it has no equal for
croup. Mrs. J. S. O'Brien, Huntsville, Ont.

STEAMERS AND SHIPS

C. P. Navigation Co., Limited.

TIME TABLE NO. 23
Takes effect June 23, 1894.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday
at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday
at 10 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1
train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster,
Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sun-
day at 2 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday
at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New
Westminster connects with C. P. R. train
No. 2 going east Monday.

For Plummer Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays
at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at
1 o'clock.

For Sidney—Wednesday, at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—
Monday at 10 o'clock; Thursday and
Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plummer Pass—Thursday and Saturday at
7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney—
Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson
and Intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and
20th of each month at 10 o'clock. When suf-
ficient inducements offer will extend trips
to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte
Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni
and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each
month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this
Time Table at any time without notice.

JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent,
Victoria, Oct. 31st, 1893.

PREPARE
FOR SPRING

By leaving your orders for Additions,
Alterations, Repairs, and Office
Fittings, or any Carpenter Work with
J. P. BURGESS,

Carpenter and Builder
10 Broughton Street.

RUPTURE
More CURES
have been ef-
fectuated by
this method
than by any
other. It is
perfectly safe
and does not
interfere with
the system.
It is a system
of fitting has
been perfected
the last 25
years, fully
examined by
a full 27
patents
to overcome
all defects.
CHARLES CLUTE,
134 King St. W., Toronto.

MASTERPIECES

FROM THE

ART GALLERIES

OF THE

WORLD.

PART IX NOW READY

AND CONTAINS

HYPATIA THE PHILOSOPHER, by Siefert.

BROTHER BUTLER, by Grutzner.

HAND IN HAND, by A. Olmberg.

THE REAR GUARD, by Defregger.

THE LETTER PIRATE, by L. Knaus.

AS OLD, SO THE YOUNG, by L. Knaus.

MAGDALEN, by Carl Max.

A SECRET, by A. Dieffenbach.

FANDANGO, by the same Artist.

REMINISCENCES, by C. Schweininger.

HONEYMOON, by G. Papperitz.

THE LORD'S DAY, by C. Scheurenberg.

THE CHRISTENING, by B. Vautier.

AFTER THE READING OF THE WILL, by C. Becker.

"HYDE FARM"

SHAWNIGAN DISTRICT

IS A MAGNIFICENT PROPERTY, containing 484 acres, suit-
able for mixed farming. A large portion of the Farm has
formerly been cropped. There are large portions of it that are
suitable for Grazing and Dairying Purposes. Now that Hops are likely
to become one of B. C.'s profitable crops, a couple of hundred acres
of Hyde Farm could be utilized for this purpose. The Farm is sup-
plied with an abundance of water the year round, and water for power
can be secured from the falls of the Koksilah River, which stream is
the boundary line of the property on one side. Brick Clay, Lime
Rock and Bog Iron Ore exist on the Farm, with the prospect of Coal
also being discovered. There is plenty of Timber for all purposes,
some of it of a merchantable character.

"HYDE FARM"

Is a short distance from the E. & N. Railway Line at either end of the
property, and the Victoria and Nanaimo Wagon Road passes through
it, therefore it is specially well located for shipping purposes.
Excellent Shooting and Fishing is to be had on the property and in the
Koksilah River. Deer, Grouse, Duck and Geese abound. In fact
Hyde Farm is well located for all practical and pleasureable purposes,
and is a chance not often met with for a man of moderate means to
secure a small estate, which is sure to become extremely valuable, as
the development of the Island progresses. In the meantime its utiliz-
ation for Mixed Farming or Cattle Raising Purposes would bring in a
fair income.

For further particulars, or
For Price and Terms, address
"HYDE FARM," Colonist Office.

RAILWAYS.

TRAINS DEPARTING ON TIME.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

THE
BUFFET
LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take Sleeping Car
at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane,
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Mil-
waukee, St. Louis and the East.

Running Buffet Cars, with bath room, bar
shop, easy chairs, observation windows
library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms
etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars.
Family Tourist Sleepers, and first and second
class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with
steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the
Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with
steamers from Kaelo, Alinsworth, Nelson, and
other points in the Kootenai mining district.
At Jennings with steamer for Port Steele. At
Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls,
Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in
daylight. Finest scenery in America and a fine
view from dust.

For information or publications apply to
C. A. RATTAY,

General Agent,
No. 4 Adelphi Block,
Govt. St., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B. C.

F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.,
St. Paul, Minnesota. Jyl

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 20,

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Friday, Apr. 27th
1894. Trains run on Pacific
Standard Time.

SOUTH BEUND (Read Up)		No. 3 Passer Daily		F. & S. S.		P.M.	
		P.M.		A.M.		P.M.	
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		12:30		8:15		8:15	
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The Colonist.

THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1894.

NOTE.

Changes of advertisements must be handed in not later than 6 p.m. in order to insure insertion the following day.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, July 25, 1894.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

Time	Mean	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
1 a.m.	57°	
5 a.m.	52°	
9 a.m.	58°	Highest
1 p.m.	61°	63°
5 p.m.	61°	Lowest
9 p.m.	57°	53°

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Sunshine—5 hrs. 0 ms.
E. BAYNES RIKED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—H. Jackson, W. C. Jackson, W. E. Harpur, Mrs. Harpur, G. A. Hayt, Geo. Henderson, F. W. Forsythe, C. Mitchell, Miss M. Anderson, Miss Splan, T. N. Parker, J. A. Ritchie, W. Dunn, F. Guert, C. J. Page, J. Switzer, T. J. Thorpe.

Per Steamer CHAMBER from the Sound—A. S. Kohlman, A. H. Calder, W. W. Clifton, A. Seale, W. Adamson, L. Adamson, W. G. Corrigan, A. J. Forman, S. Courtney, Miss T. M. O'Neil, F. D. Schuyler and wife, H. J. Jordan, H. Carral and wife, C. Brown, H. Williams, Miss Arlington, J. W. Donnell, G. C. Pearce, J. Sparr, R. A. Jones, Mrs. C. Jones, and son, W. L. C. Hamilton, P. Blanchard, P. Welch, J. Dobson, Mrs. C. A. Reece and sister, and son, C. Miller, Lulu Riddell.

Per Steamer CHAMBER from Vancouver—Col. E. G. Prior, Col. Baker, Thos. Earle, Miss Earle, Miss L. Earle, Miss E. Earle, Miss E. Earle, Capt. Jones, M. Strauss, J. H. Jones, Misses F. K. Jones, Mrs. Griffith and nurse, W. E. Drake, Officer McDonald, Miss H. H. W. Archibald and wife, G. H. Sleggett, Thos. Hopper, Chas. Russell, Miss Scholtz, A. P. Hunter, J. G. Jones, Mrs. Corbett, Sgt. Corbett, W. E. Fletcher, Gunner Sharpe, J. C. Chamberlain, H. Chamberlain, W. Huxton, W. Sloan, J. Burr, A. Leslie, H. Collins, Dr. Bell Irving, H. Brocklesby, J. Duff Stuart, Geo. Alexander, H. V. Welch, G. D. Byrne, C. J. Loewen, John McInnis, J. Newburn, T. P. McKnight, J. M. T. Till, G. A. Creswell, W. B. Devine, J. T. Collins, H. W. Bullock, Miss Fitzgerald.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—E. B. Hill, Vio & Brooks, B. Van Volkenburg, L. Goodacre, John Wilson & Co. and O'Neil & Morris Company.

Per Steamer CHAMBER from the Sound—Todd & Son, A. J. Rowbottom, J. H. Maynard, Weller Bros., Lenz & Leiser, Wash. Ford Co., W. Marchant, Lowenberg & Co., Lenz & Leiser, Matthews R. & Tyne, P. McQuade & Son, O. K. J. H. Placard.

Per Steamer CHAMBER from Vancouver—E. G. Prior & Co., A. Lewis, Colonist Co., P. McQuade, Hastie & Bannerman, M. R. Smith, B. & M. Co., C. Hayward, T. Storey, J. W. Fletcher, Lenz & Leiser, Geo. Rowell, C. Ind. Rev. J. McCord, R. McDonald, A. & W. Wilson, A. McGregor, A. E. Fox Royal Arthur, Clarke & Pearson, Colbert & Warner, J. Mitchell, Order W. Wilson Bros. Rocky Mountain Pub. Co., H. McDonald, E. A. Brown, S. Leiser, S. Shore, T. P. McKnight, Thos. & Co., W. Blackie, Wood & Orr, Lion Exp. Co.

BIRTH.

BALL—In this city, on the 21st instant, the wife of Henry B. Ball, of a daughter.

BISSETT—At Nanaimo, on the 21st instant, the wife of G. E. Bissett, of a daughter.

DIED.

SINCLAIR—At Cadboro Bay, on the 25th inst., John, the beloved wife of John Sinclair, a native of Glasgow, Scotland, aged 88 years.

CLARKE—On the 25th instant, Isabel Frances, the beloved daughter of J. S. and J. F. Clarke, aged 2 years and 8 months.

The funeral will take place tomorrow (Friday), at 2 o'clock p.m., from the parents' residence, No. 60 Fort street.

Friends will please accept this intimation.

PERSONAL.

Hon. Senator McInnes is visiting Nanaimo.

J. C. Collbreath, Wrangel, is registered at the Oriental.

R. P. Rithet leaves for California by the direct steamer Friday.

H. W. Carroll and bride of Seattle, are staying at the Driad.

Hon. Col. Baker arrived home from the Interior yesterday evening.

W. F. and Mrs. Archibald arrived home from the Mainland last evening.

Captain Jones and M. Strauss were passengers to Victoria by the Chamber yesterday evening.

Dr. Bell Irving, C. J. Loewen and R. V. Winch were passengers from the Terminal city last night.

H. Collins, George Alexander, and F. P. McHugh, Calgary, are among those registered at the Oriental.

Col. E. G. Prior, M. P., Thomas Earle, M. P., Mrs. and the Misses Earle, arrived home from Ottawa yesterday evening.

Mrs. E. J. Palmer, Chemainus; W. E. Drake, D. Byrne, Vancouver; and F. P. Drake, London, are at the Driad.

Among the arrivals at the New England are: E. A. Baker, Vancouver; H. M. Jordan, Tacoma; and Col. Elliot, Somenos.

J. L. and A. E. Todd, sons of Mr. J. H. Todd, returned home last Sunday evening from U. C. college, Toronto, for the purpose of spending their summer vacation here, after which they expect to return to McGill college and university, Montreal.

Amongst the latest arrivals at the Hotel Victoria are the following: R. B. Somers, Tacoma; E. R. Barron and wife, Spokane; S. Roberts, J. I. Lawson, W. S. Cameron, and F. D. Schuyler and wife, Seattle; Wm. Adamson, Greenock, and Wm. Adamson, Glasgow, Scotland; Mrs. Anderson and son Eureka; Henry Devine, Montreal; and Theophilus A. Gill, West Park, on the Hudson, N. Y.

The Windsor, Nanaimo, B.C., noted for its cuisine. The best local and transient patronage in the city.

Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, and Bad Blood are promptly cured by Burdock Blood Bitters, which acts upon the stomach, liver, bowels, and blood, curing all their diseases.

Fruit jars, at Cheapside.

SPECIAL facilities for making blank books. R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Opening of the B. C. R. A. Annual Meeting—Canadians Returning From Bisley.

Programme for the Championship Meet of the British Columbia Cyclists.

LONDON, July 25.—The majority of the Canadian rifle team sail for home by the Sardinian from Liverpool on Thursday week. The winners of the team were: Staff Sgt. Ogg, £21 15s.; Capt. Moore, £21 10s.; Staff Sgt. Davidson, £20 10s.; Staff Sgt. Simpson, £20; Lieut. Mitchell, £16 10s.; Private Bayles, £15 13s.; Private Bertram, £10; Gunner Turnbull, £9; Staff Sgt. King, £7 14s.; Private Hayhurst, £6 13s.; Corp. McNaughton, £6 10s.; Private Rolston, £6; Staff Sgt. Mitchell, £5; Lieut. Curran, £4 10s.; Sergeant-Major Case, £4; Lieut. Ross, £3 14s.; Private Milligan, £2 10s.; Staff Sgt. Bell, £1 10s.; Private Kambrey, £1; Lieut. Williamson, £1. The general winnings being divided, each man has from this source no less than £18 13s.

AT GOLDSTREAM TODAY.

The Vancouver and Westminster riflemen who will take part in the provincial rifle meeting arrived by last evening's steamer. The matches, which will continue for three days, commence this morning, the first being open only to recruits who have never won a prize, for a series of prizes presented by Lieut. Colonel Peters, D.A.G. The extra series matches will also be in progress during the morning. The important event of the day takes place in the afternoon, this being the Helmsken match, at 200, 500 and 600 yards, seven shots at each range. The top-scorer will win the handsome "Dorothy" medal, of gold, presented this year as usual by Mr. H. Dallas Helmsken. Combined with this match is one for teams, with the Laurie bugle as the chief prize to be contested for between the companies of the military district, the winners to hold it for the year.

LAWN TENNIS.

THE TOURNAMENT ENTRIES.

Entries for the club singles handicap have been coming in rapidly. As the list for this event does not close until 8 o'clock this evening ample opportunity will be afforded those members who have not yet entered their names. A list of the other events is given in another column and entries for the same should be sent to the hon. secretary not later than Saturday.

LACROSSE.

"STARS" V. "JAMES BAYS."

All arrangements have been completed for the match next Saturday between the Stars and the James Bays of this city to be played on the Caledonia grounds. Both teams are in excellent condition with chances slightly in favor of the Stars. Mr. C. L. Cullin has been agreed upon as referee.

THE WHEEL.

CLUB RACES TO-NIGHT.

At Beacon Hill this evening the fortnightly races of the Victoria Wheelmen will be held, a handicap event to be participated in by the entire club being substituted for the class races. The great big race will start at 7.30 o'clock, the distance being one mile and the riders as heretofore: E. W. Bradley (scratch), E. A. Wolff (20 yards), Alfred Morris (30), W. J. Jeffrey (35), Fred Hall (35), T. Moody (40), Arthur Hall (75), B. F. Sheppard (75), F. Johnson (75), C. H. Gibbons (150), Fred Fawcett (150), S. P. Moody (150), Oscar Lucas (200), F. E. Alley (200), M. C. Reynard (200), T. Kipling (200), Arthur Carter (200), and Fred Richardson (200).

THE CHAMPIONSHIP MEETING.

The following is the proposed programme of races for the annual provincial meet to be held at Vancouver on August 18; it only requires the approval of the racing board to become the final and official card:

1. One mile (novice)—open.
2. Quarter mile (flying start)—open.
3. Two mile (handicap)—open.
4. Quarter mile championship.
5. Two mile—open.
6. One mile (handicap)—open.
7. One mile (handicap)—open.
8. One mile championship.
9. Half mile—open.
10. Three mile (handicap)—open.
11. Five mile championship.

CRICKET.

VICTORIA V. NAVY.

The following eleven will play the Navy to-day at the Canteen grounds, the match commencing at 2 p.m. Players are requested to leave on the 1.30 train for Esquimalt: Messrs. J. D. Helmsken (captain), C. E. Pooley, J. A. Crabbe, B. J. Perry, E. W. C. Hilton, J. W. Sinclair, A. G. Smith, C. W. Maerose, S. F. Morley, C. N. Gowen and C. P. Welby.

TO OPPOSE THE ALBIONS.

The following is the eleven of the Victoria C.C. selected to oppose the Albions next Saturday: Messrs. G. E. Barnes, A. J. Crabbe, A. T. Goward, P. E. Irving, S. F. Morley, B. J. Perry, C. E. Pooley, C. W. Rhodes, A. G. Smith, W. A. Ward, W. Wallis.

THE TIRE.

THE LIVERPOOL CUP.

LIVERPOOL, July 25.—The race for the Liverpool cup and twelve hundred sovereigns was won by Son of a Gun, Buxey Park second, Newcourt third.

YACHTING.

"BRITANNIA" RACED ALONE.

QUEENSTOWN, July 25.—The Vigilant did not start in the race to-day, owing to the fact that the injury to the jaws of her gaff which occurred in yesterday's race had not been repaired. Work was pushed throughout the night to repair the injury, but the repairs were not satisfactory this morning, and could decide to take no chances, being desirous to have the Vigilant in good trim for the races in the Solent with the Britannia and others. An offer was made to postpone the race set for to-day until tomorrow, but could would not promise that the yacht would be ready. The Britannia went over the course alone. The Vigilant will participate in the Penzance regatta on Saturday, if she is in shape.

Another match race proposed.

LONDON, July 25.—The Prince of Wales has accepted the offer of the Tenby corporation of a cup for a match race between the Britannia and the Vigilant if such can be arranged.

HERE AND THERE.

The Manitoba cricket tournament opened on Monday. On the first round the Winnipeg club easily defeated the Morden eleven.

The chief prize to be competed for at the regatta of the North Pacific Association of Amateur Oarsmen to be held on Lake Washington, August 17 and 18, is the Canadian Pacific championship cup. This cup must be captured twice to become the property of the winners. The Portland club won it in 1892, and the Burrard Inlet club of Vancouver, B.C., in 1893.

W. E. Cullen beat Downsap last evening in a fifty point pool match at the Carter house by two points. To-night's tournament game will be between Bourne and Lawson.

EXCITING SCENES.

The French Chamber of Deputies Worked Up to the Highest Pitch.

Old Issues Revived—Reason Why Socialism Is So Prevalent.

PARIS, July 25.—The debate on the anti-anarchist bill was resumed in the Chamber of Deputies to-day. M. Humbert, socialist, supported an amendment to the press clause, allowing the publication of the preliminary points of a trial, as to whether or not the accused were an anarchist. The amendment was rejected by 221 to 30. Another amendment, which proposed the abolition of imprisonment for illegal publications and reducing the maximum fine for such offence to 1,000 francs, was rejected by a vote of 334 to 101, and another fixing the maximum fine at 1,500 francs was also rejected. Several radical members spoke against the bill dwelling especially upon its incoherence and absurdity. The paragraph in article five inflicting a penalty of fine and imprisonment for publishing the reports of the anarchist trials was adopted.

M. Viviani, socialist, proposed a motion that in cases where a prosecutor's speech or accusatory evidence was allowed to be published, the pleadings and evidence on behalf of the defendant should also be published. The motion was rejected by 306 to 142. M. Sembat, socialist, offered an amendment proposing that anarchists be permitted to select counsel. The motion was rejected 286 to 171. M. Viviani proposed an amendment that the inciter of anarchist crime, even though he be condemned a second time, be not liable to transportation, if the Beverer law suspending the execution of a sentence is applied to the first condemnation. The amendment was rejected by 306 to 142.

Another of M. Viviani's amendments preventing the judge d'instruction who prepared a case from hearing the same, was rejected. M. Viviani also proposed an amendment to prohibit the application of flagrant delict procedure, enabling the arrest, trial and sentence of a malefactor within 24 hours.

M. Guerin, republican, said the demands of M. Viviani were a complete revision of the criminal code in favor of the anarchist. M. Viviani retorted that the country would not ratify the vote of the chamber in rejecting his amendment.

M. Jaures, Union Republican, denounced the continuous and systematic rejection of amendments. He violently assailed the majority, which he declared was composed of inciters to anarchy. The ministers, senators and deputies, he charged, had trafficked in legislation, received bribes and taken part in scandalous financial schemes. He minutely dissected the political and financial prosperity of France, which, he said, were subjected to social and moral influences that were predisposing France to anarchy. The chief examples which the upper classes had afforded the people were those of corruption. The premier had defined anarchy as a scornful negation of all authority. What, he asked, were the engineers and abettors of the Panama canal frauds, the story of which was told in the ruin of the enterprise and the bones of the men who were left at Panama, the victims of that murderous speculation which had been favored by a majority in parliament. Anarchy, he said, had taken root through social and political rottenness. The repression of free thought and free speech would never cure the evil. A purer state of society and perfect freedom of utterance were the best remedies. Since the death of Gambetta, M. Jaures said the Republicans had been abandoning his attitude and had become passive instruments in the hands of great financiers like the Rothschilds and others. M. Jaures taunted the members of the government with having favored the Panamais. It was not the fault of the Socialists, he said, that the inquiry into the scandal and subsequent prosecution had not been fully carried out. He then alluded to the venality of the press, which, he said, was deriving monthly subsidies from financial houses. The ministry was profiting thereby through the consequent muzzling of the venal press. The country knew this and was disgusted. The independent organs could not be silenced by bribes so an attempt was being made to silence them through this bill. He then accused M. Rouvier of having fostered corruption, but the president, M. Burdeau, intervened and warned M. Jaures that personalities would not be permitted.

M. Rouvier sprang to his feet and exclaimed: "I have fear of nothing either from parliament or the law."

A scene of great excitement and uproar ensued, and when order was restored M. Deschanel, union republican, replied to M. Jaures. He blamed the radicals and socialists for the prevailing moral and social disorder. The chamber had heard Messrs. Millereau, Jaures and Guesde excusing and thereby fomenting anarchy, and they had seen yesterday an example of the ideas of parliamentary propriety entertained by the socialist deputies in rising to their feet and applauding unseemly protests emanating from the press gallery.

The president here intervened and the incident was suppressed, the president suggesting that it would be better that it be not mentioned in the Official Journal.

Joseph Jourdan, socialist deputy, created a new disturbance a few moments after the dispute between Deschanel and Jaures. He asked M. Deschanel if he had not been willing to enter the Rouvier cabinet.

M. Rouvier, who had been excited almost to frenzy by the allusion to his part in the Panama scandal, did not give M. Deschanel a chance to reply, but roared at Jourdan: "Remember who you are! M. Deschanel was a politician when you were earning a living in any way you could get it."

M. Jourdan appealed to the President to protect him "from such an unmerited attack from so low a quarter."

The President called him to order. Flinging up his hands, M. Jourdan replied: "This call to order, Mr. President, will weigh heavily upon you one of these days."

M. Rouvier followed M. Jourdan in the Speaker's tribune. He clothed his defense in vehement language often pointing to his accusers as he flung off an exceptionally bitter phrase and thus exciting more jeers and taunts. M. Jourdan's remarks, he said, had been entirely unparliamentary; they had received poisonous slander, but he would be shown to be innocent. The great Gambetta and Jules Ferry had been accused of corruption even as unjustly as he. (Applause from the centre.) He had been a loyal and faithful servant of the republic. After reviewing his public life, he again denied the truth of the accusations against his honesty, and denounced M. Jourdan for comparing him with Wilson, the notorious son-in-law of President Greevy.

M. Jaures moved that Senators and Deputies receiving bribes be regarded as inciters to anarchy and be made punishable under the law. This motion was rejected after a short debate by a vote of 262 to 222.

Immediately after the adjournment the lobbies were filled with deputies discussing Jourdan's attack on Rouvier. M. Jourdan was the centre of a heated group of socialists who held his hands and cheered him. Rouvier's friends surrounded him and kissed him repeatedly. There was a brief consultation, which resulted in Rouvier's sending his seconds to the socialist deputy.

M. Burdeau, president of the chamber, intervened to prevent a duel between M. Jourdan and Minister Rouvier. He persuaded M. Jourdan to withdraw the insult which he gave during the debate, and undoubtedly this will satisfy M. Rouvier.

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Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. and GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

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